ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO. THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1905 XLIII—NO 1

STAYS AT THE FRONT

Gen. Kuropatkin Accepts Service Under His Former Personal Enemy.

WILL COMMAND FIRST ARMY

Report That Rennenkampff Had Been Surrounded Denied at St. Petersburg—Internal Troubles Becoming More Acute in Rural Russia.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The Russian army in Manchuria is still to have the services of General Kuropatkin, who is considered by many, in spite of his reverses, the foremost strategist of the Russian army. Sinking all feeling of personal bitterness because of his supersession and all the old time enmity between himself and General Linevitch in a patriotic desire to be of service to the fatherland, the former commander-in-chief volunteered to remain in any capacity with the army which he had so long commanded. The tender has been accepted by Emperor Nicholas and gratefully received by the new leader of the grand army.

The charge exactly reverses the old order of affairs, when Kuropatkin was the supreme leader and Linevitch directed the first army. Authoritative news of this remarkable step was known in Manchuria much earlier than in St. Petersburg. General Kuropatkin, who paused on his homeward journey at Harbin, started southward the afternoon of March 20 amidst a most remarkable farewell.

The retreat is apparently progressing uneventfully. Little weight is placed here on the deduction drawn at certain European capitals from the dispatch announcing that cannonading had been heard south of Tie pass, that General Rennenkampff's corps, endeavoring to rejoin the main army, had been intercepted south of Tie pass. The dispatch in question undoubtedly was erroneous.

Detachments Being Mobilized.

Preparations are making for the mobilization of a number of detachments, not, however, on a general scale, the preliminary orders affecting but 22 districts in the governments of Odessa, Warsaw and Moscow.

Recurrences and extensions of agrarian troubles are noted, and near Libau workmen and peasants are making common cause. The Caucasus is already the scene of armed resistance to civil authority, and in the region around Kieff, where the peasants are increasingly bold, there have been many cases of violence. The social revolutionists in industrial centers are planning to synchronize a general renewal of the strike with the climax of the peasant disorders and with the action of the troops in mind have been serving notice by anonymous letters and other warnings on guard officers and officials in other cities that if another "red Sunday" comes and they order the troops to fire they will be held responsible therefor and their lives be made the forfeit.

The Moscow assembly of zemstvos is forcing the hand of Interior Minister Bouligan in the matter of the reform ukase of March 3 and has taken the bold step of practically demanding that the minister accept the services of zemstvo delegates throughout the empire in drawing up the plan of the new governmental organism to be created under the rescript.

Kuropatkin Receives Ovation.

Harbin, March 22.—At the departure southward of General Kuropatkin crowds of thousands of civilians and soldiers gathered at the station and gave him a great ovation. Above thundering hurrahs were heard cries of "God send you happiness!" "Goodby, brother!" "Goodby, father!" As the train started soldiers rushed forward in a surging crowd and grasped the handrail of the general's car, throwing their fur caps in the air and running some distance with the car. The scene made a deep impression on General Kuropatkin, down whose face tears streamed. Removing his cap, he saluted again and again and stood bareheaded on the platform of the car as long as the train was in sight.

Residents of Harbin are uneasy and many of them are departing. Chinese are withdrawing their deposits from Chinese banks here.

London, March 22.—The Tokio correspondent of the Telegraph says the Chinese governor of Liaoyang and 32 of his relatives have confessed to acting as Russian spies since the outbreak of the war. It is ominously announced that they will be punished according to martial law.

Canea, Island of Crete, March 22.—The Russian third Pacific squadron, under Admiral Nebogatoff, has left Suda Bay for Port Said.

London, March 22.—The correspondent at Aden of the Daily Mail reports that 37 steamers laden with 100,000 tons of coal are waiting at Jibutil for the Russian fleet, which is expected there at the end of the month.

Bomb Thrown Among Soldiers.

Warsaw, March 22.—A bomb thrown from the window of a house in Volsk street at 9 o'clock in the evening exploded in the midst of a passing patrol composed of police and infantry. Six soldiers and two policemen were dangerously wounded. They were removed to the military hospital. The assailant escaped.

CASTRO RECEIVES NOTICE.

American Minister Demands Reply to Arbitration Proposals.

Willemstad, Island of Curacoa, March 22.—The Venezuelan government has received a note from the American minister, Mr. Bowen, requiring an answer as to whether Venezuela will arbitrate the questions pending and saying that in case of a refusal the United States will feel free to take the steps which may be necessary to secure justice.

HERBERT W. BOWEN, MINISTER TO VENEZUELA.

The charge d'affaires of the Netherlands has advised the Venezuelan government that Holland will use coercive measures in view of the fact that she has been unable to secure the release from imprisonment in Venezuela of five Dutch sailors who have been illegally kept in prison for seven months.

COMMITTED SUICIDE AT SEA.

Millionaire's Son, Returning from England, Jumps Overboard.

New York, March 22.—Andrew M. Griscom of Philadelphia, who disappeared from Philadelphia several weeks ago and was supposed to be in Europe, committed suicide March 19 by jumping overboard at sea from the steamer Minnetonka. When he jumped overboard the steamer was stopped and a boat was lowered, but he could not be found.

When Griscom disappeared it was reported that he had eloped with a young woman and that both of them had gone to Europe. Griscom's mother, however, denied it.

Philadelphia, March 22.—Andrew M. Griscom was the son of W. M. Griscom, a millionaire resident of Bryn Mawr, a suburb.

William A. Griscom, the young man's father, and his two daughters were at the pier to await the arrival of the Minnetonka. When Superintendent Jones of the pier learned of their arrival he asked Mr. Griscom to go around to the offices of the Mercantile Marine company, where an official broke to him the news of his son's death.

KAISER COURTS FRANCE.

Germany Hints That She Would Like to Cover Up Old Sores.

London, March 22.—The Chronicle claims authority of the German embassy at London for stating that Germany is anxious for a reconciliation with France. According to a high official of the embassy whom the Daily Chronicle interviewed, the present is considered most opportune to arrive at such an understanding, the Russo-Japanese war having entirely changed the political situation.

It will be impossible for Russia to engage in war with Germany for years to come, even if she wished, and therefore if the question of revenge is buried there is nothing to prevent Germany and France shaking hands and inaugurating an era of peace and good will. Prince Henry's visit to France to see the automobile cup race will be the first official visit of a Prussian prince since the war.

EMPEROR IN QUANDARY.

Hungarian Opposition Has Whip Hand of the Austrian Monarch.

Vienna, March 22.—In regard to the emperor-king's inflexible attitude concerning the military demands of the Hungarian opposition party, the executive committee of the leading Kossuth party has decided to obstruct every cabinet excluding the principle of the oppositional demand of Hungarian as the language of command, or any cabinet formed without the consent of the opposition. This means practically a breach between the crown and parliament.

Rumors are current that the emperor is considering the appointment of a provisional cabinet which will dissolve parliament and bring about new general elections.

Third Brother Commits Suicide.

Cincinnati, March 22.—Stanley Heaton of Latonia, Ky., two of whose brothers committed suicide during the past few years, killed himself by shooting. His body was found on an abandoned road in the rear of the Covington branch hospital.

Historic Building Doomed.

Cincinnati, March 22.—The old brick house on Eighth street in this city in which Thomas Buchanan Read 40 years ago wrote "Sheridan's Ride," is to be torn down to make room for a new building.

OHIO RIVER RISING

Wheeling With 45-Foot Stage of Water, Shut Off From World by Rail.

TRAFFIC HELD UP AT PITTSBURG

Monongahela Rising More Rapidly Than the Allegheny—Towns Down Stream Report Trouble from Watery Visitation—Railroads Suffer Most.

Pittsburg, March 22.—Railroads entering Pittsburg suffered considerably on account of the high water. At midnight the stage of water at the Sixth street bridge was 28.1. Wheeling was cut off entirely, the tracks on both the Baltimore and Ohio and the Pennsylvania being inundated in several places. The Pittsburg and Lake Erie tracks were submerged at Sawmill run, preventing trains being run on that road, and the tracks at Becks run and at several points on the Youghiogheny were under water, tying up the line. The Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg tracks at Sharpsburg were covered to such a depth that trains could not be run to Allegheny. All the local schedules were disarranged, with the exception of the Ft. Wayne trains, and these were run very cautiously.

As soon as it was realized the Monongahela would rise to a height that would back the water of the Allegheny, the Pennsylvania lines officials made arrangements to run special trains to Allegheny at intervals of every few minutes. The same plan was put into operation as was established during the flood of last year. The first train left the Union station at 10 o'clock last night and crossed the river as often as enough persons boarded it to justify making a trip.

45 Feet of Water at Wheeling.

Wheeling, W. Va., March 22.—The unexpectedly heavy flood stage materializing here on the first rise, with a still higher stage coming Thursday on the second rise, complicates the situation in the Wheeling district greatly. On Wheeling island, at South and East Wheeling, Benwood and the Ohio side towns, there are hundreds of homes inundated and much household furniture has been destroyed. In the wholesale district the loss will not amount to much. The river at 11 o'clock last night was 42 feet 8 inches and rising two inches an hour. It is expected to swell again in the second rise, which Forecaster Ridgeway at Pittsburg predicts will reach 45 feet here Thursday.

The Ohio river, Wheeling and Lake Erie, Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling Ohio River and Western and the Baltimore and Ohio and Panhandle roads are all affected by the flood stage and at 45 feet not a train can enter or leave the city.

Reports from below indicate that the water is being held back by side streams coming out and New Martinsville, Moundsville, Sistersville and other towns are already suffering from the flood with worse conditions probable Wednesday and Thursday.

Smaller Streams Subsiding.

In the interior of West Virginia the worst is over on the upper reaches of the Monongahela, the river falling at Weston. Clarksburg is on the verge of a flood and damage has already been inflicted on the Monongahela between Clarksburg and Fairmont in the coaling district.

Fairmont, W. Va., March 22.—The Monongahela at 8 o'clock last night reached a stage of 26 feet and was rising at the rate of six inches an hour. A decided fall in temperature checked the heavy rain.

Beaver, Pa., March 22.—The water works of the borough were flooded and the plant was forced to shut down. There is enough water in the reservoir to give consumers water for one hour in the morning and one hour in the evening until the flood subsides. The Ohio is rising three inches an hour.

Wellsville, O., March 22.—Four feet of water and debris cover the tracks of the Cleveland and and Pittsburg at Georges run. Train service on the river division of the road between Toronto and Brilliant is cut off. The town of Congo, W. Va., is flooded.

Situation at Parkersburg.

Parkersburg, W. Va., March 22.—The Ohio river was 36 feet here last night and rising five-tenths of a foot an hour. The danger line has been passed and by Thursday the river is expected to reach a stage of 43 feet. All the tributary streams near here are rising rapidly. Many merchants and families in the lower parts of the town are moving out. Damage, however, will be comparatively small, this place being for the most part above high water. Train service between here and Wheeling has stopped.

Four Hundred Miners Strike.

Logan, W. Va., March 22.—All the employes of the mines at Holden, W. Va., near here, 400 in number, have gone on strike on account of a change of wages.

Great Question Being Debated.

Paris, March 22.—The chamber of deputies has begun the debate on the government's bill providing for the separation of church and state.

HARGIS STOPPED INQUIRY.

More Sensational Testimony in Kentucky Feud Case.

Lexington, Ky., March 22.—At the inquiry into the case of the Hargises and Edward Callahan, charged with complicity in the murder of Cockrill, A. C. Bowman, foreman of the Breathitt county grand jury, testified that in the grand jury investigation against Will Britton for killing Cockrill, Riley Coldiron had just given sensational testimony against Britton, when Alexander Hargis rushed into the grand jury room and by threats compelled the grand jury to adjourn after vainly trying to get it to investigate a charge of perjury brought by Britton's friends against Coldiron. Bowman said the case was dropped and never resumed by the jury through fear of Hargis.

Mrs. Sarah Patrick testified that at Jackson, after Cockrill's death, Alexander Hargis had said: "It was a good shot. It killed him and I am a friend of the man who did it and will defend him." Mrs. Patrick is an aunt of Alexander Hargis's wife.

CIRCUIT COURT REVERSED.

Criminal Section of Valentine Anti-Trust Law Sustained.

Columbus, O., March 22.—The supreme court has upheld the constitutionality of the criminal section of the Valentine anti-trust law. The civil section had already been passed upon as constitutional some time ago.

By its decision the court reversed the decision of the circuit court of Delaware county in the case of Perley W. Gage, president of the Delaware Coal Dealers' association. The prosecuting attorney of Delaware county brought suit in common pleas court against Mr. Gage, charging him with forming a combine in restraint of trade. Gage pleaded guilty and appealed the case to the circuit court, which ruled that the criminal section of the law is unconstitutional. The prosecuting attorney carried the case to the supreme court with the above result.

LIMITED TRAIN DITCHED.

Removal of Rails by Unknown Persons Causes Wreck.

Des Moines, Ia., March 22.—Rock Island officials here say that the wreck of the Rock Island Mountain limited, which occurred near Homestead, Ia., may have been the work of would-be robbers. Six persons were injured, but it is believed none is hurt fatally.

The wreck was caused by the removal of spikes, bars and angle bars and misplacing the rails. Spikes were removed from two rails on the south side of the track. The engine and first four cars were thrown down a 45-foot embankment. The engine was completely stripped, the mail car destroyed, the buffet car on its side and two sleepers badly damaged.

BROUGHT REMAINS HOME.

Body of Mrs. Leland Stanford Taken to Palo Alto.

San Francisco, March 22.—The remains of Mrs. Jane Lathrop Stanford arrived here on the steamer Alameda from Honolulu. Accompanying the remains were Miss Bertha Berner and Miss May Hunt, Mrs. Stanford's private secretary and maid.

The casket was transferred from the steamer to a hearse and started immediately to the depot of the Southern Pacific railway. A special funeral train was in readiness. When the remains had been transferred the mourning escort entered the train, which proceeded to Palo Alto. The funeral services will be held on Friday in the memorial chapel at the university.

FOUND INDIAN TREASURE.

2,600 Pounds of Silver Bullion Discovered by Accident.

Akron, O., March 22.—While walking along the south shore of Silver lake George Lodge stumbled upon a huge billet of metal which was found to be silver. Making further investigation, he and his brothers dug out 26 large billets of an average weight of 100 pounds, making over a ton in all.

For many years the late Henry Wetmore, who died at the age of 110 years, told a story how an encampment of 500 Indians, shortly before the battle of Tippecanoe, left the vicinity of this lake in a single night and it is thought this silver is treasure they dumped into the water for safe keeping.

DARING BABIES PERISH.

Two Boys Aged 4 and 5 Found Dead from Exposure.

Madison, Wis., March 22.—Dead in the ice on Lake Mendota, Winfred Bondi, 4 years old, and Frazer McGowan, a year older, were found by Angus McGowan, father of Frazier. The two little fellows had attempted to cross the lake with sleds. The ice, insecure because of warm weather, gave way, and although the water is only three feet deep, the children were unable to climb out. They died from exposure.

The father followed the tracks of the sleds over the soft ice, found the boys' caps and then the two tiny bodies.

Engineer and Fireman Caught.

Tellico Junction, Tenn., March 22.—A freight train was wrecked near here. The engineer and fireman were caught beneath the engine and roasted to death.

55 DEAD, 45 MISSING

That Is Grim Summary of Results of Disaster at Brockton, Mass.

ONLY FOURTEEN ARE IDENTIFIED

Governor Douglas Attends Funeral of One of Victims—Search of Ruins Suspended Last Night—Many Bodies Wholly Consumed by Fire.

Brockton, Mass., March 22.—Satisfied that there was no chance of recovering additional bodies from the ruins of the R. B. Grover company's shoe factory, search was abandoned at 11 o'clock last night by the small army of volunteers after 57 hours of constant toil.

Although the police and Medical Examiner Payne feel sure that they have removed from the debris all remains which were not reduced to ashes, a second search shortly will be instituted to satisfy relatives and friends of the victims.

The little band of persons who have besieged the morgue since the first body was taken from the ruins reluctantly turned their steps homeward satisfied that all that remained of missing ones occupied the pine boxes inscribed "unknown." At midnight for the first time since the accident Dr. Payne and his assistants remained alone with the unidentified dead.

The revised list as given out by the police at 11:30 last night was as follows: Bodies recovered, 55; identified, 14; missing, 45; reported as escaped, 283. It now seems probable that but 14 bodies will be buried with their identity positively established.

A movement has been started on the part of workmen in trades similar to that pursued by the victims of the disaster to raise a relief fund for the bereaved families. It is expected that several thousand dollars will be subscribed.

Searchers Toil All Day in Rain.

For the first time since the fatal explosion razed the shoe factory of R. B. Grover & Co. the city seems to realize the enormity of the calamity. This has been brought about by the positive identification of bits of clothing or otherwise of several bodies and the failure to return home of those who, had they survived, must before this have sought their friends.

A snow storm that covered the wreckage turned into rain, but braving the elements groups of men, women and children gathered at the morgue, hoping against hope that the chance discovery of a bit of familiar clothing or object of personal belonging would lead to the identification of their dead.

At the ruins 100 men, drenched to the skin, toiled unceasingly amid the half burned timbers for fragments of flesh and bone, which when found, were hurried to the morgue to be scanned by those waiting there.

That the 55 dead represent the total number of victims no one familiar with the disaster believes. It is extremely doubtful, however, that more than fragmentary pieces of other bodies will ever be found. Medical Examiner Payne believes other bodies have been reduced to ashes and that the number of victims may never be positively known. He does not believe that further identification of the charred remains at the morgue is probable. Every body which had on it any trinket or piece of clothing has been more or less positively identified. Remains which have been placed in boxes and marked "unknown" are in such a state that there is no possibility of their being recognized.

Governor at Victim's Funeral.

The first of the funerals of the victims was held, Governor Douglas being among those who followed the body to the grave. The funeral was that of Jerome Mayo, a finisher in the factory and brother-in-law of C. L. Fish, a close friend of the governor.

At the request of Mayor Keith, clergymen of all denominations assembled in the aldermanic chamber at city hall to arrange for a public service for the victims. It was decided that the service should be held at 2:30 p. m. Thursday in the City theater. Two clergymen, one a Catholic and the other a Protestant, will speak.

A special meeting of the city government passed resolutions of sympathy with the families and friends of the victims; voted to close all public offices and schools on the day of the public funeral services, and adopted a resolution asking all merchants to close their places of business on that afternoon.

At the factory of George E. Keith & Co., shoe manufacturers, the company sent to the men printed slips asking them what portion of their day's salary they would be willing to contribute toward a fund for the widows and children of victims of the disaster. There are 3,000 employes in this factory and one of the officers said that he expected $3,000 would be contributed.

Car of Dynamite Explodes.

New Orleans, March 22.—A car loaded with dynamite in an Illinois Central freight train exploded near Kenner, 12 miles north of New Orleans. Two men are missing. One dead man has been found.

GUARDING WITNESSES.

Precautions Being Taken to Prevent Influence by the Beef Trust.

Chicago, March 22.—Fifteen secret service men have been brought to Chicago to guard witnesses who will testify before the special grand jury which today will beginn investigating the "Beef trust." So great is the desire of the federal officials to maintain secrecy that every witness who testifies will be closely guarded by one of the detectives, the purpose being to prevent the witnesses being approached by newspaper men or agents of the packers.

C. B. Morrison, who was appointed United States district attorney vice S. H. Berhea, recently promoted to be district judge, declares that a person speaking to any of the witnesses will be liable to be held in contempt of court, even if the speaking should go no further than inquiring the name of the witness.

Twenty men have qualified as grand jurors. Today others will report to be questioned concerning their qualifications. It is hoped by the federal officials that the list of jurymen will be completed today. The work of investigation will then immediately begin.

LOOKS BAD FOR HOOKER.

Damaging Evidence Against New York Supreme Court Justice.

Albany, N. Y., March 22.—Former Postmaster Arthur R. Moore of Fredonia, N. Y., testified before the assembly judiciary committee, which is investigating charges against Supreme Court Justice Warren B. Hooker, that several employes of the payroll of his office never performed any duty in his office, some of them indeed being actually employed elsewhere at the same time. At least one of these nominal employes, he swore, he had never seen—he did not actually know, in fact, that any such person existed.

Letters alleged to have passed between Justice Hooker and G. W. Beavers, superintendent of the salary and clerkage division of the Assistant Postmaster General Jerry S. Heath, and other officials of the post office department, and Postmaster Moore at Fredonia, relative to the appointments in connection with which improprieties are alleged against Justice Hooker, were admitted in evidence.

ROCKEFELLER LOSES.

His Candidate for President of Tarrytown Village Defeated.

Tarrytown, N. Y., March 22.—John Wirth, the Citizens' candidate for president of North Tarrytown village, has been elected. Wirth received 515 votes and beat Warren J. Stoddard by 118.

After his election Wirth said that he was very pleased over having beaten the so-called Rockefeller ticket, but that he bore the Rockefellers no ill will and fully appreciated the benefits that had been showered upon the village, especially by John D. Rockefeller. It was understood that Mr. Rockefeller supported a ticket headed by Warren J. Stoddard, the People's party candidate.

Jules Verne Near Dissolution.

Amiens, France, March 22.—The condition of Jules Verne is regarded as hopeless. He is in the last stage of diabetes.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, March 21.—Higher prices at Liverpool and crop damage reports from the southwest imparted strength to the wheat market here today. At the close May wheat for delivery was up ½c. July is up ¼c. May corn is off ⅛@¼c. Oats are down ⅜@½c. Closing quotations: Wheat, May, $1.15¼; July 92⅝@92¾; corn, May, 48⅞; oats, May, 31½@31¾.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—MARCH 21.

Corn—New yellow shelled, 51½@55, new mixed, 52@52½; new yellow ear, 57@58.

Oats—No. 2 white, 37½@37¾; No. 3, 37@37, No 4, 34¾@35¼.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $13.25@13.50; No. 2, $12.25@12.75; No. 1 clover, $12.75@13; No 1 mixed, $12.50@12.75; loose from wagon, $14@16.

Eggs—Selected candled, 17@18.

Butter—Prints, 29@29½; tubs, 28½@29; dairy, 18@19.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 14@14½; Ohio cream, 14@14½; limberger, new, 13½@14.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $5.50@5.75; green, coarse and rough fat steers, $3.50@4; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $3.75@4.50; choice milch cows, $30@45; medium to good milch cows, $18@30; good, fat, smooth, handy butchers' bulls, $3@3.75; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3@3.75; feed steers, common to good quality, $2@3; fair to choice stockers, $1.50@2.50.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $7@7.50; veals, fair to good, $6@6.50; heavy and thin calves, $3@5.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $5.65@5.70; medium weights, $5.65@5.70; best heavy yorkers, $5.65@5.70; good light yorkers, $5.55@5.60; pigs, good to prime, $5.40@5.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $6.10@6.30; good to choice mixed, $5.75@5.90, fair to good mixed, $4.75@5.50; culls and common, $2.50@4; lambs, spring, $5@8.25.

Her Secret.

Mr. Jones—Mary, can a woman keep anything to herself? Mrs. Jones—Yes; her private opinion of her husband.—Chicago Journal.

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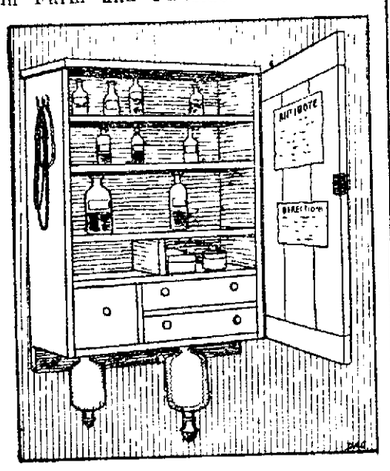
HOME HANDICRAFT.

HOUSEHOLD CONVENIENCES, SIMPLE, BUT JUST THE THINGS NEEDED.

Made With the Home Tool Kit and Inexpensive Material—A Safe Medicine Case—A Very Taking Nest For Shoes—Handy Pockets.

Almost any one capable of handling the ordinary house tools will find little if any difficulty in making the useful objects pictured or mentioned here and selected from among suggestions for a number of such conveniences submitted in Farm and Fireside. As for the



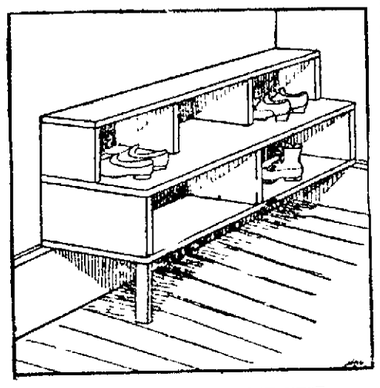
MEDICINE CABINET.

wood, it can be had from a carpenter, or perhaps is in the cellar, while the other things may be purchased for a trifle at any hardware or dry goods store.

A medicine chest, with shelves and drawers, in which everything can be kept orderly and in place, so it can be had at a moment's notice, is not a difficult thing to be made at home, and a simple one is shown in the illustration. This is made from boards obtained from two shoe cases, which are carefully broken apart so as not to split the wood. For the wash room of moderate proportions it can be thirty inches high, twenty-four inches wide and from four to eight inches deep. It need not have a wood back, as the wall will take the place of one, thereby saving space. The frame and shelves are attached securely to the wall with screws both at the top and bottom. A batten two inches wide is nailed to the wall under the chest, on which it can rest. This makes a good anchorage and relieves the greater part of the weight. A similar arrangement is made at the top. The top of the chest projects one and one-half inches beyond the sides and front, forming an overhang, and at the lower part of the chest two or three small drawers are arranged for the accommodation of small boxes and packages. Enamel paint will give this chest a good finish.

A box can easily be converted into a shoe nest like the one shown in the second illustration, where shoes, slippers and rubbers may be kept in orderly condition. This double deck shoe nest requires but little skill and very little practical knowledge to make, and as no definite size can be given the drawing shows quite clearly how one or several of them can be made to fit the space in any closet. In a small closet no leg will be required under one corner of the nest, as both ends can rest on the top of the surbase. In a large closet, however, where it is not desired to extend it along the side, the unsupported end is held up by a leg.

For dust cloths, string, felt and worsted slippers pockets on the inside of a closet door will be found convenient. A nest of ten pockets can be made of denim or other stout goods and tacked fast to a batten arranged at the inside of a door, as shown in the illustration, while another one consisting of two large pockets will afford a convenient



A DOUBLE DECKED SHOE NEST.

receptacle for soiled collars and cuffs. This may be attached to a batten fastened at the upper part of the floor in a bedroom or closet and will always be found to be extremely useful.

Shampooing the Head.

The hair itself should be well washed every few weeks, and a good shampoo wash is made as follows: The yolk of an egg well beaten into a pint of tepid rain water, into which have been put two ounces of spirits of rosemary. A little of this can be rubbed into the roots of the hair also before brushing it. Where there is irritation of the scalp it shows that the head needs washing. Many people are not half enough particular about this duty and have an idea that frequent washing will injure the hair. While this may be true to a considerable extent, it is also certain that unless the head is washed often enough to keep it really clean the scalp gets into a state of irritation and causes much annoyance.

For the Sickroom.

A simple and effective means to clear the atmosphere of a room, recommended by an experienced nurse, is to place a lump of camphor in a saucer and apply a very hot poker to it. This will cause strong fumes to arise which will cleanse the air very speedily and act as a powerful disinfectant.

A SISTER OF PEACE SPEAKS.

People Who "Energize" Through Life and the Indifferentists.

Generally speaking, energetic people are a torment. They are the cause of much of the good but still more of the ills of this life. I cannot forgive them the ills for the sake of the good, possibly because I possess that rare gift, a sense of proportion, and so can discern relative values.

Now, this sense of proportion is precisely what restless people lack. They are energetic by temperament, not by reason of outward circumstances—nay, I should rather say in spite of outward circumstances. They energize through life amid the calmest and most unprovocative surroundings to the infinite discomfort of their quieter brethren. If such a one ties his boot lace or cuts his bread it is a source of much discussion and feverish excitement. Should one of the brethren of peace venture to expostulate he calls down on himself a hurricane of abuse on the evils of indifference and the philosophic importance of trifles.

Certainly trifles must receive due consideration. They must be treated with respect. They should be attended to summarily, rapidly, and then dismissed forever. They are not worth excitement or nervous waste, and even total indifference to their claims is a lesser evil than the habit of creating for them a false atmosphere of magnitude. But the nervous waste is not the chief evil of overenergy. The greatest danger lies in its fatal attraction to its twin sisters, interference and influence.

The energetic man observes that the world around him is out of gear. Something must be done. Who should do it if not himself? Obviously no one else is attempting to set things right. He never stops to think, "Can anything be done, should anything be done, and if so, am I the right man to do it?" No; his only certainty is that any action is better than no action.

What a fatal mistake! There is no action of any avail save the absolute right action at the absolute right moment. Failing that, no action at all is in every way infinitely superior.

We meddle in each other's affairs with influence and advice. Nine times out of ten our interference has a prejudicial effect. Yet, being for the most part thoroughly illogical and stone blind as to cause and effect, we pat ourselves morally on the back and continue serenely to meddle till the end of our days.

Apathy has a saving grace—its tendency to a sense of proportion. Almost invariably it possesses an intuitive knowledge of the relative significance of the events of daily life. When sufficient occasion arises, it forms its judgments with clearness and rapidity and atones for its normal torpor with bursts of intense energy and a height of enthusiasm to which few energetic people ever attain.

One of the worst symptoms of nervous disorder is the overmastering desire of the victim to "energize," the total inability for rest and repose. The patient wears out both himself and the world he lives among. Obviously indifferentists are the philosophers of life.

MABEL F. YATES.

A February Wedding.

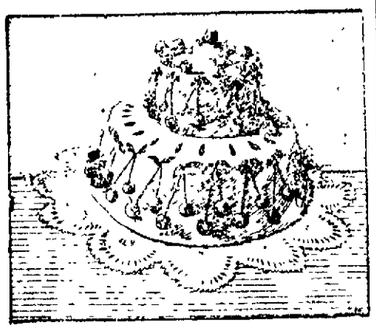
All the decorations for a wedding in February were in heart shape. In the arches and doorways swung hearts of white lilacs, Roman hyacinths or violets tied with white or pale green ribbon. The marriage altar was built with the pier glass for a background, the mirror being curtained with strands of smilax. Near the top was a design of two hearts interlaced in violets and lilies of the valley. The bride's table had a large top made heart shape for the occasion, and midway between the center and the edge extended a wreath of smilax dotted with stem glasses filled alternately with violets and lilies of the valley. In the center was an immense heart of white and violet, and the candles in white had silver shades, with clusters of violets tied thereon. Wedding cake was given in heart shaped boxes of white satin, with the monogram of the bride and groom in silver.

Lafayette Gingerbread.

Cream together one-half of a pound of butter and one-half of a pound of sugar. Add one teaspoonful of salt, two teaspoonfuls of ground cloves, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, two and one-half teaspoonfuls of ginger, the grated rind of two lemons, one heaping teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a little boiling water and stirred into one pint of molasses, six well beaten eggs, the juice of the lemons, one cupful of sour cream and six cupfuls of sifted flour. Make into small cakes and bake in shallow pans.

For a Colonial Tea.

Among items for a colonial tea the Delineator includes a Washington cake, made as follows. One and a half cupfuls of butter, two cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of cream, four eggs, four



WASHINGTON CAKE.

cupfuls of graham flour, two teaspoonfuls each of baking powder and lemon extract. Bake in two loaves and ice with yellow icing. Citron leaves and stems and candied cherries form the decoration.

TOLSTOI AND THE CZAR.

Why Russian Ruler Does Not Exile the Great Writer.

For many years Count Leo Tolstoi has been the most outspoken critic of the czar and the Russian empire, yet he has never been molested. He has said things openly that would have caused the banishment or imprisonment of another man. The reason for his freedom is described in an article by Vance Thompson in Success Magazine for February as follows:

Tolstoi owes his miraculous freedom not to state policy. He owes it to the czar.

Nicholas II., whose realm runs over forty degrees of latitude and who is considered the sole representative of his subjects of God upon earth, is himself a Tolstoist. The czar is a kindly, overworked, unhappy man. He writes vague, melancholy verses, rides a bicycle and takes amateur photographs—his amusements are few. Tolstoi's books appealed to the Slavic mysticism in him, accorded with his dreamy love of humanity and woke in him aspirations for peace on earth and the fulfillment of the early Christians' dreams of fraternity and equality in love. He reads Tolstoi; he talks Tolstoi—as Edward VII. reads the racing guide and talks horses and as William II. reads everything and talks everything. Between the czar, imprisoned in absolute sovereignty, and the free old man of Yasnaia Poliana there is a strange bond of sympathy, both mental and spiritual.

An earlier czar, Paul, had a similar feeling for Tolstoi when he was still little more than a lad. The young Leo N. Tolstoi was at Sevastopol, shut up in the famous and terrible "Bastion H." To the general in chief of his armies in the Crimea Czar Paul wrote with his own hand: "Bear in mind this young officer. No disaster must be allowed to happen to this young man, who does so much honor to Russia." Yet in those days he had not written much. But the Tolstois had always been favorites of the crown—from that early ancestor who was a boon companion of Peter the Great down to his father and Leo N. Tolstoi himself. Every official, every functionary, in Russia knows that to touch Tolstoi is to touch the czar. Though they have never met, his friendship for Tolstoi is almost a cult. Not all his ministers and not the mighty band of archdukes can change his mind in this matter, should they care to do so, and the government, as distinct from the czar, has its own reasons for leaving Tolstoi all this "liberty which binds him."

ANTIMICROBE CRUSADE.

Chicago Physicians' Rules on the Dodging of Germs.

Don't let the baby play on the floor.

Don't eat white bread.

Don't leave your mouth open when sweeping, and if you do wear gauze over it.

For every five persons in the room burn one gas jet.

Arrest gentlemanly looking individuals that spit on the sidewalk.

Arrest women wiping up the pavement with long skirts.

Place policemen at the entrances of downtown shops and arrest all who fail to observe these rules.

Follow these rules very closely, and germs will disappear.—Advice Given by Chicago Physicians.

Dr. C. E. Humison and other speakers at a symposium recently held under the auspices of the Chicago Medical society at the Public library in Chicago thus began their antigerm crusade. Each point was elaborated and elucidated and punctuated with citations from the theory of evolution until germs took on enormous proportions, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

Poorly ventilated office buildings were said to be germ incubators.

A policeman not only should be stationed before downtown shops to quickly nab a man who, though of gentlemanly appearance, still is inclined to spit, but after taking the man to the station he should hie him back to that spot and wait for the woman with long skirts, that he might also gather her in as an example of antigerm offenders.

Women when sweeping should wear gauze over their mouths, the doctor said, so that the germs now so prevalent in all homes might not take refuge in the throats of the housewives.

Treasure Box In Stockings.

Practical pockets or receptacles for surplus change will be presented to the women depositors of a New York bank. They will be for the particular use of the pocketless woman, the one who conceals her wealth in her hosiery, says the New York Journal. The women of the West End Republican club were jubilant when they heard of the original scheme at their recent meeting at the Hotel Astor in New York. Mrs. Bella de Reviera made mention of it in her report touching on momentous questions. The unique purse is to prevent money from wandering around inside lisle thread or web silk. It will be attached to the garter, where the money can be placed and anchored. It will be made of chamois skin and locked.

For Uniform Electrical Units.

Strong hopes are entertained that international uniformity in electrical units may shortly be secured, says the London Telegraph. The British foreign office has the matter under consideration on the report of experts who attended the St. Louis electrical congress. In all likelihood an international commission which, it is suggested, should arrange such a system of electrical units—in terms of the ohm, volt and ampere—will foregather at Geneva or The Hague. In many countries, including Russia, Norway and Sweden, Denmark, the Netherlands, Portugal, Italy and Japan, no electrical units have yet been legalized.

JUMP FEVER.

A Sort of Mania That Sometimes Affects Engine Drivers.

In a party of locomotive engineers who were talking about old time fellow craftsmen reference was made to one old timer who had come to his death through "jump fever." "What's 'jump fever?'" inquired an outsider who was interested in the conversation. "'Jump fever,'" explained an engineer, "is a sort of hallucination that affects some engineers and leads them to leap from the cab to escape a supposed impending collision. It's mostly freight engineers that are affected. On long runs out west a freight engineer may be thirty-six hours at the throttle without much chance for rest owing to mishaps. He gets sleepy and dozes in the cab. All of a sudden he wakes up, but his faculties are scattered, and what with lightness of the head and the motion of the cab he gets an idea that a collision is about to happen. In a semiconscious state he dives out of his window, and the chances are he's a goner when he lands. The engineer we referred to had done the trick twice, but he was killed the third time out on the Santa Fe road."—Philadelphia Record.

On the Road From Tomsk to Omsk.

[The Russian government is completing its railroad from Tomsk to Omsk.]

Farewell, Transsiberian sweetheart!
You depart tonight for Tomsk.
There to mourn my imperfections,
For I'm bound to make connections
With the little town of Omsk.
Don't you hear the engine steaming
And the Russian brakeman screaming:
"All aboard from Tomsk to Omsk!
All through trains are running Omskward;
Take the midnight local Tomskward
On the road from Tomsk to Omsk!"

There are doubtless many maidens
In the little town of Omsk,
But I'll think of no perfection
Like my fair, my first selection,
Dwelling peacefully in Tomsk.
Don't you hear the whistles tooting
And the passengers out scooting?
All aboard from Tomsk to Omsk!
Trains are whizzing windward Omskward,
Trains are rushing landward Tomskward,
On the road from Tomsk to Omsk.

Useless are your supplications,
For my ticket's labeled "Omsk."
In my cozy Pullman lying,
If tonight they find me dying,
Lo, my last word shall be "Tomsk!"
Don't you hear the porter calling
And the brass lunged brakeman bawling:
"All aboard from Tomsk to Omsk!
Trains are going outward Omskward.
Trains are coming inward Tomskward
On the road from Tomsk to Omsk!"
—Wallace Irwin in New York Globe.

Burning of the Vanities.

Savanarola once marked his strong condemnation of luxury by collecting a large number of articles which he regarded as vanities during the carnival to be burnt in the Piazza della Signoria, Florence, on Shrove Tuesday, 1497. In this "burning of the vanities" were included fancy costumes, carnival masks, false hair and rouge pots, cards and dice boxes, books and pictures, together with casts and valuable sculptures of questionable character. Built up into a pyramid of seven stages—signifying the seven deadly sins—the pile was burnt by lighting fagots placed in the center, while children standing round sang hymns before the assembled crowds.

Japanese Ladies and Suicide.

While Japanese ladies never committed harakiri, the honorable equivalent was death by a stab in the neck from her own dirk, a weapon which she generally carried in her girdle to be used in time of need.

Where a Roman dame would in ancient times have plunged her dagger into her own heart, a Japanese heroine preferred to thrust the weapon into her neck, and there is no record of either male or female in Japan ending existence in the fashion that is so often depicted in western novels and less frequently perhaps in real life.—Nineteenth Century.

A Drawback.

"Every time you speak," said the good fairy, "pearls and diamonds will drop from your lips."

"But," faltered the gentle maid, "don't you think that, under such circumstances, pearls and diamonds may become too dreadfully common?"

Progressive.

A man who had kept a hog in his pen for a year and a half was asked why he didn't kill it and begin to raise another pig, and he replied that he supposed he must keep a hog all the time anyway and he might as well keep that one as any other.

Sure Sign of Old Age.

A man may know that he is approaching old age when he ceases to struggle to be among the first to leave a railroad car when he is in no particular hurry.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Women can always look volumes. Why should they trouble to write them?—Edwin Pugh.

The Coy Widow.

"I think," declared the little daughter of the widow to the millionaire who was calling, "that you are a charming and delightful man."

"How nice! What makes you say so?"

"Mamma told me to."—Detroit Free Press.

Damages Enough.

There had been a railway collision near a Scottish country town, and an astute local attorney had hurried to the scene of disaster. Noticing an old man with a badly damaged head lying on the ground, he approached him with notebook in hand. "How about damages, my man?" he began. The injured man waved him off with the remark: "Na, na; ye'll get nae damages fae me. It wasna me that hit yer bloomin' auld train."

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

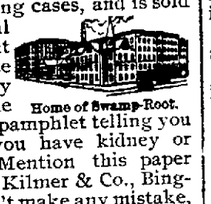
It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

SPECIAL LOW RATES.

To all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia, March 1st to May 15th, 1905. Round Trip Homeseekers' Tickets on special days. Write at once for information and maps to Ira F. Schwegel, Traveling Agent, Wisconsin Central R'y, 407 Traction Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty five cents a bottle.

FOR SALE!

Lots on Chester, Edwin and Dwight streets, from $250 to $500.

Lots on George and Johnson streets from $200 to $250.

Four lots off Wachter street $150 to $200.

One lot on Clay alley.

Fifteen lots on South Erie street.

These lots can be sold on small monthly payments.

James R. Dunn,
Over 50 S. Erie St.

Office hours from 7 to 8 A. M. and from 4 to 5:30 P. M.

THOMAS BURD, Agent.

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

The undersigned as Administrator with the will Annexed of the estate of Permelia Kitchen, late of Stark County, will sell at public sale on

Friday, March, 24, 1905,

the following property:

The Permelia Kitchen farm, consisting of a tract of 49 acres of land, located near what is known as "Butterbridge," in Lawrence Township.

Another tract of two acres with house and barn, in the locality known as "Forty Corners," and near Newman, in Lawrence Township.

All the stock, buggies, implements and other personal property of the deceased.

The two acre tract will be sold on the premises near Newman, at 9:30 o'clock, standard time.

The sale of the forty-nine acre farm and the personal property will begin at 12:30 o'clock, standard time, and will be held on the premises near "Butterbridge."

Terms, real estate, one third cash, and deferred payments to be secured by mortgage, payable within two years, with interest.

Personal property, all purchases up to $3 cash; sales above that sum on nine months time, with approved sureties. Other terms announced on day of sale. Additional information can be obtained by addressing or calling upon the administrator. GEO. W. KRATSCH,

Admr. with will annexed of estate of Permelia Kitchen. Massillon, O.

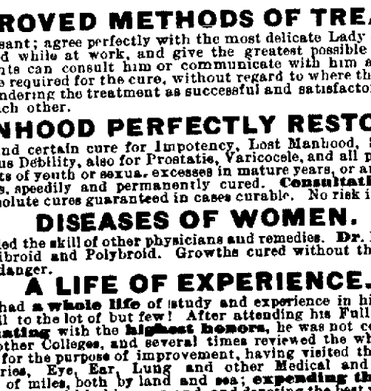
DR. KUTCHIN

EX. U. S. EXAMINING SURGEON,

Late of Chicago, Greatest Living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of all Long-Standing and Difficult Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Blood and Nervous System. Consulting Surgeon at Maplewood Sanitarium.

Will, by special request, meet his many patients in this county every month for the next year, and examine all afflicted free. Ohio office, Columbus, O.

The noted Author and Medical Lecturer, and greatest living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of difficult Chronic Diseases, has consented to visit this County and meet his many patients and friends, and give ALL AFFLICTED an opportunity to consult him **Free of Charge** and secure the latest and best treatment for such diseases as the regular family physician is not prepared to treat.



Dr. Kutchin will revisit this County every month, thus saving his patients the trouble and expense of visiting the city. And he is the only physician in this County who carries his own Diagrams to illustrate and make plain to all afflicted the cause and nature of their diseases. He promptly visits this town every four weeks and will so continue as long as God spares him to the afflicted.

CHRONIC DISEASES.

The Doctor treats **no acute diseases,** but makes a specialty of chronic and long-standing diseases. Cases given up by other doctors and pronounced incurable, he most desires to see. **Dr. Kutchin** has treated over **12,000** cases in Ohio in the last two years, many of which had been given up as **incurable,** some to be Blind, others Deaf, and a Large Number to be Invalids for Life. Now they See and Hear, and many are on the high road to Health.

The Doctor is surrounded with a fine collection of instruments for examining and treating all chronic diseases of the Head, Face, Eye, Ear, Throat, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin, Brain and Nervous System, Cancers, Tumors, Piles, Swellings, Old Sores, Fits, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gout, Sick Headache, Debility, Depression of Spirits, Diseases of Children, Hereditary Diseases, etc., and, in fact, **all long-standing and chronic diseases.** All surgical operations performed.

EXAMINATIONS FREE TO ALL.

Whenever it is known that **Dr. Kutchin** is stopping at a place, **crowds gather to consult him,** and it is not to be wondered at when it is remembered that in diagnosing a disease he never asks a question, but describes the different diseases better than the sick can themselves. It is a **wonderful gift** for anyone to possess, and **Dr. Kutchin's** diagnostic powers have created wonder throughout the country.

He adopted the following plan, which is peculiar to the large hospitals, and is not and never has been the practice of country doctors, viz., he carefully notes the symptoms of the patient, and ascertains the condition of the internal organs, all of which he carefully records in his register for future reference. In this way he ascertains the true nature of the disease and its cause. When sick people consult him he readily tells them whether he can cure or help them, or whether they are beyond hope.

HIS IMPROVED METHODS OF TREATMENT.

Are mild and pleasant; agree perfectly with the most delicate Lady or Child; do not reduce strength; can be used while at work, and give the greatest possible benefit in the shortest possible time. Patients can consult him or communicate with him as often as they choose, during the whole time required for the cure, without regard to where they may be, and without extra charge, thus rendering the treatment as successful and satisfactory as though they were living next door to each other.

MANHOOD PERFECTLY RESTORED.

Quick, painless and certain cure for Impotency, Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhœa, Losses, Weakness and Nervous Debility, also for Prostatic, Varicocele, and all private diseases, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual excesses in mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. **Consultation free and strictly confidential.** Absolute cures guaranteed in cases curable. No risk incurred.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Such as have baffled the skill of other physicians and remedies. **Dr. Kutchin** quickly cures Cancers, Tumors, Fibroid and Polybroid. Growths cured without the use of the knife. No cutting, no pain, no danger.

A LIFE OF EXPERIENCE.

The Doctor has had **a whole life** of study and experience in his profession, and enjoys advantages which fall to the lot of but few! After attending his Full Courses in the Medical Colleges, and **graduating** with the **highest honors,** he was not content to stop there, but has since attended other Colleges, and several times reviewed the whole profession; has also traveled extensively for the purpose of improvement, having visited the best Medical Colleges, Hospitals, Dispensaries, Eye, Ear, Lung and other Medical and Surgical Institutions, traveling thousands of miles, both by land and sea, **expending thousands of dollars;** improving every advantage within his command, and devoting the best years of his life to become thoroughly familiar with his profession in all its branches.

LATEST DISCOVERIES AND IMPROVEMENTS.

Dr. Kutchin has received the most approved instruction in Analytical and Microscopical Examinations of the Blood, Urine, etc., which are now considered indispensible to a correct diagnosis in many diseases. There are many diseases which physicians in common practice do not usually treat, and are, therefore, seldom prepared with necessary and costly outfit to examine correctly, or treat with success; such cases, therefore, would do well to call at once and learn their true condition, and whether the doors of Hope are yet open, or forever closed against them.

FACTS FOR MEN OF ALL AGES.

By reason of **false modesty** the youth of our land are kept in ignorance of the ruinous results which certain solitary indiscreet practices produce. These vices when persisted in eventually undermine the constitution inducing nervous debility and premature decay. **Dr. Kutchin** has for many years enjoyed the distinction of being **the most successful and celebrated specialist** for the treatment and cure of these affections. You may consult him with complete confidence. Of all the maladies that afflict mankind there is probably none about which physicians in general practice know so little.

DELAY IS DANGEROUS.

Many diseases are so deceptive that hundreds of persons have them before they even suspect it. They know they are not well, but are perfectly ignorant of the deadly fangs which are fastening upon them, and must, sooner or later, certainly destroy them, unless rescued by a skillful hand. **Are you afflicted?** Your case may now be perfectly curable, but **Remember,** every moment of neglect brings you nearer its incurable stages, when, perhaps, the most skillful physician can render you no assistance. The present is ours, the future may be **Too Late.**

Epilepsy or Fits scientifically treated and cured by a never failing method. **Free Examination of the Urine.**—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination. **Persons unskillfully** treated by **ignorant pretenders** who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should call and see the Doctor.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C.O.D. to any part of the United States. Correspondence with invalids solicited. All letters with stamps enclosed answered free. Call and be examined and at least learn the cause of your disease, and if it can be cured. **Tape Worms** removed in from three to five hours without starvation. The remedies for the whole course of treatment are furnished from the Office or at the Institute, all at once or by the month.

CONSULTATION, EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE TO ALL AT THE

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Thursday, Apr. 6, 1905

ORRVILLE, NATIONAL HOTEL, TUESDAY, APR 11.

Consultation, examination and advice FREE.

Return visits made every twenty-eight days.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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DIVINE TRANSMISSION.

Alfred Hart Tells How He Communicates With the Dead.

A MIRROR REVEALS MESSAGES.

Columbia University Photographer Says That In Letters of Fire Secrets of Other World Are Written on Its Surface—Asserts He Has Communicated With the Distinguished Dead Mentioned In the Bible.

Alfred A. Hart, seventy years old and for thirty years the official photographer of Columbia college, who lives in New York, asserts that he has discovered the secret of the divine transmission to earth of the Ten Commandments and that he has been able to communicate with the dead, says the New York American.

Although students of psychic research discredit the claims of Mr. Hart, the septuagenarian is persistent in his assertion that he has discovered the means of universal communication and says that ultimately the world will know what becomes of the soul. He declares he has had communication with the distinguished Biblical dead, including Moses, Solomon, the prophets and the disciples, and has written down their messages, which he says, were transmitted to him.

Mr. Hart says his is not an invention, but a discovery of the mechanism of the rock upon which the Ten Commandments appeared to Moses and the old Egyptian magic mirror, known as the Urim and Thummim, used by the priests in the temples of India, Egypt and the Holy Land.

The messages from the unknown were transmitted to him, he says, in letters of fire written upon the magic mirror, and they have been intelligible not only to him, but to his wife and daughter. He asserts that Shakespeare had the Urim and Thummim in his mind when in the scene of the witches in "Macbeth" he wrote, "And yet the eighth appears who bears a glass." Therein was written the prophecy, "Be bloody bold and resolute; laugh to scorn the power of man, for none of woman born shall harm Macbeth."

Mr. Hart said in his interview:

"For twenty-five years I prayed to comprehend the life of man. Then of a sudden—it was in 1879—I was awakened by three distinct raps. There was a bright light in the room. I read in letters of fire on the wall, 'Seek and ye shall find, knock and the door shall be opened.'

"The light disappeared, and there came another, above which was written, 'The law of heaven,' and under it, 'The law of earth.' Again there was a change, and I read, 'If you choose the law of earth you will be popular and wealthy; if you choose the law of heaven you will gain spiritual knowledge, but all your friends will turn against you.'

"Believing there was some sensitive plate, the same as nature had supplied to the ancients, that would register thought through electrical vibration, I set to work. Within a year I had discovered the secret in the shape of a sensitive black backed mirror. I held it in my two palms, appealed for a communication from heaven, and as I was being weighted down seemingly by a tremendous electric vibration there appeared in the mirror before me this message:

" 'You ask for knowledge; it shall be given you.'

"This message was from the apostle Mark. I have since received hundreds of messages, all of which I have preserved in writing. These include a 6,000 line poem, which came to me at intervals."

Mr. Hart produced a book in which he had written down the poetry which he said had been transmitted to him from a divine source.

Dr. Isaac K. Funk, the noted scholar of psychic research, said:

"Doubtless Hart is sincere in his belief that he has communicated with the unknown, but such phenomena cannot be credited. The black mirror of olden days is merely an instrument of mythology. No scientific importance can be attached to Hart's claims."

PIGS AT MASKED BALL.

St. Louis Society Saw Novel Features at Union Club Dance.

During a masquerade ball the other evening at the fashionable Union club in St. Louis a drove of little ping pigs was turned loose, says a St. Louis dispatch. Instantly pandemonium prevailed, women screamed and pigs squealed. Finally the women became somewhat accustomed to the spectacle of the pigs in a ballroom, and the little animals became so uncomfortable and out of place on the slippery floor of the ballroom that they were affectionately petted by perfumed hands and jeweled fingers. The pigs romped about everywhere, tripping up dancers when they were not in the arms of some young woman or other.

The pigs were not the only novelty. Six "big Injuns" danced in single file about the room, emitting shrill war whoops. The committee of entertainment, dressed as "rubes," furnished to all the guests confetti. Another feature was an animal circus. Maskers representing every animal gave an exhibition of trained animal performances. Bears operated typewriters, dogs talked and roosters worked, while horses outdid Jim Key.

Austria's Wheat Crop.

Beerbohm says of the Australian wheat crop of 1904-05 that a total crop in the commonwealth of 50,000,000 bushels is considered to be certain, against 75,000,000 bushels last year.

A HILL OF DEATH.

Features of the Fearful Carnage In Siege of Port Arthur.

The absorbing interest in St. Petersburg affairs permits little attention to be paid to the full accounts now in London of one of the greatest feats of modern arms, the capture of Two Hundred and Three Meter hill during the siege of Port Arthur and the slaughter of thousands of Japanese in three or four unsuccessful attacks, says a London cable dispatch to the Chicago Tribune. The last assault encountered no resistance, for the infantry found the trenches filled only with dead Russians, so awful had been the greatest bombardment in history. The crucial moment is thus described:

"At 3 o'clock a forward movement was made by the soldiers on Companion hill. The Japanese pressed on, encountering little resistance, and soon were in possession of half the crest. At the same moment 500 men left the trench. The Japanese advanced on Two Hundred and Three Meter hill and rushed a Russian trench thirty yards away. The Japanese soldiers were seen to enter the trench. Then came a brief pause, while the artillery continued to bombard the summit of the mountain. Nothing could be seen of the Russians.

"A few minutes later the Japanese soldiers were in possession of the first trench, reappeared on the far side and again moved forward. Every one watched with breathless anxiety, for this was the part of the climb that always had been so fatal. The Japanese soldiers on Two Hundred and Ten Meter hill also moved forward, and before one had time to realize what had happened the Japanese infantry were over the crest of both peaks and were outlined against the sky line.

"With the exception of three prisoners, not a live Russian was found on the summit. They had been shelled to pieces, and not even a mouse could have escaped from that hail. No mountain ever contained contracted in so small a space so much of the horrors of war. The crest had been absolutely smashed to pieces. One could not even trace the lines of the original defenses.

"Among this confused jumble of rocks, sand bags, shells, charred timber, broken rifles, bits of uniforms and soldiers' accouterments of every description the dead lay in hundreds, many smashed beyond resemblance to human form, so terrible is the effect of modern shell fire.

"One the east side of the mountain lay the dead Russians, on the west side the dead Japanese. The summit was sacred to both. It was freezing weather during the day attack, and the bodies of the dead were perfectly preserved. Some seemed to have died a natural death, but the majority, especially the Japanese who were struck down while advancing up the steep slope, had their teeth clinched and a look of fierce resolve written on their faces.

"The Russians, who also for the most part met death while sitting in the trenches on the summit, bore a pained and even surprised appearance. In one place a dozen soldiers were sitting in a square shelter of sand bags when a big shell landed in their midst and killed all."

WAR ON TATTOOING.

Miss Helen Gould Said to Be Trying to Stop Practice In Navy.

It has recently been learned through letters received at Cincinnati from the navy yard at Norfolk, Va., that Helen Gould intends using all her power to stop tattooing in the United States navy, says a Cincinnati special dispatch to the Washington Post. It is known that Miss Gould has always been much interested in the welfare of Uncle Sam's tars, but the new move is a surprise. In the navy among the first things a recruit does is to have the American eagle or flag tattooed on his arm. He is told by old salts that he could never expect to get further than the forecastle unless he was properly tattooed.

Miss Gould, however, thinks the habit pernicious and offers substantial prizes to sailors who will remain in the navy five years without being tattooed. The prize, it is said, consists of $50 in cash and an order for $50 worth of clothing. The first to enter the competition is Edward Hauser of Cincinnati. When he entered the navy some months ago he refused to be tattooed, and only a few days ago he heard of Miss Gould's offer. He says he has gone through the worst of the business now and he will stick it out five years and get the reward.

MARBLE BOUNDARY MARKS.

United States-Panama Line to Be Indicated by Monuments.

Two parallel lines of marble monuments will flank the route of the Panama canal and permanently mark the boundaries between the domain of the United States and that of the republic of Panama, says a special cable dispatch from the isthmus to the Chicago Inter Ocean.

The present plans are to place the monuments so close together that a person standing at the base of any one can see either of the nearest two in the line. The lines when completed will be forty-seven miles long and five miles from the borders of the canal.

In order to locate the marble shafts the first survey of the land ceded to the United States is now being made.

On opposite sides of the pedestals will be chiseled "U. S. A." and "R. de P."

Novel Building For San Francisco.

The 150 German societies of San Francisco are planning to erect a magnificent structure that will furnish a theater, a large assembly hall, meeting rooms, a library, classrooms and clubrooms.

POOL SELLING FORBID

It Was Governor Herrick's Veto That Put It Under the Ban.

EDITORS PRAISE HIM FOR DOING IT

Miami County Republicans Indorse Governor's Splendid Administration. Showing Made by Ohio at the Inauguration in Washington

Columbus, O., March 7.—(Special.)—The action of Governor Herrick in vetoing the infamous pool-selling bill, passed by the last legislature, meets with the unqualified approval of the great moral forces of the entire country. Not from Ohio alone come words of praise, but the chief executive is commended on every hand for the stand he took.

Even magazine editorial writers acknowledge the work of the governor. Under the caption, "Sport and Crime," the current issue of the Saturday Evening Post has this to say about Governor Herrick's veto of the Chisholm bill:

"In one of our states a considerable number of the richest and most conspicuous men—those who call themselves the 'leading citizens'—decided that they would not be truly elegant and aristocratic until they had race tracks to enable them to pose as 'patrons of the royal sport.' But there can be no race tracks without the gambling features. Accordingly, they in one way and another 'persuaded' the legislature to pass a law that would establish gambling, and would cause the opening of those infaromus hell-traps for youth called poolrooms.

"To their amazement and anger, however, the governor vetoed the bill. The men backing it were, most of them, his personal friends; but the governor declined to carry personal friendship to the length of making himself the joint author of the ruined careers of thousands on thousands of young men. And now the 'leading citizens' are privately raising another persuasion purse—this time for use in secretly defeating their governor for a renomination.

"In our present political condition of popular indifference to the doings of practical politicians, perilous indeed is the lot of the public official who interferes with any of the prerogatives of 'aristocracy'—either with its vicious ways of getting money or with its vicious ways of spending it. The mass of people do not want the gambling industry established in their state. Will the persuasion purse be more potent?"

* * *

The Republicans of Miami county in delegate convention last week indorsed the administrations of President Roosevelt and Governor Herrick. In view of the fact that certain opposition to the governor has announced that Miami was one of the counties which would not indorse Herrick, the action of the convention is particularly interesting. Harry J. Ritter, was nominated for representative in the legislature and a good county ticket was chosen.

* * *

Ohio made a glorious showing at the Roosevelt inauguration. According to telegrams from special representatives of the city papers and Associated Press dispatches, the Ohio contingent was almost the whole thing. The news dispatches said:

"Governor Myron T. Herrick of Ohio, marshal of the Second brigade, was magnificently mounted on a bay steed, which pranced and curvetted proudly to the great delight of the spectators. The governor was known to many of these and he received liberal applause. The absence of the engineer battalion, caused by a railroad wreck Friday night, was noticeable in this part of the parade."

When Governor Herrick passed the president's reviewing stand President Roosevelt cried: "There's Herrick and his Ohio boys; hurrah for Ohio!" This special recognition of Ohio greatly pleased the men who went from this state to honor the president.

* * *

At a meeting of Governor Herrick and officers of his staff and members of the Ohio National Guard and the Ohio delegation in congress, held in Washington, the following memorial was adopted:

"The corps of engineers of the Ohio National Guard, on the evening of March 3, 105, while en route to Washington, met with a terrible accident, resulting in the death of six members and more or less serious injury to a score of others.

"These loyal members of the citizens' soldiery of our state lost their lives and suffered injuries in the exercise of a truly patriotic duty, that of journeying to the capital of the nation to represent the state at the inauguration of their commander-in-chief, the president of the United States, and to do honor to the office and the man.

"These men were fitting representatives of a model volunteer military organization, one that has been held in the highest esteem by the National Guard of Ohio.

"Resolved, That we extend to the families of the dead our loving sympathy in their great loss, and that our sincere hopes for a speedy recovery go out to those suffering from injuries received; be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to each of the bereaved families and the injured, and that the same be embodied in the general orders of the adjutant general of Ohio."

ORIENTAL PEOPLE.

Grace of the Women and Classic Drapery of the Men.

Passing us occasionally, going to Jerusalem with butter and eggs and little jars of leben that showed their thick, creamy throats as they were held up to us, were small companies of women in single file. As one blue procession went by the leader called to us: "Why should you ride and we walk? Why is your lot better than ours?" Given the opportunity for leisurely argument, we could not by any philosophy have made satisfactory answer. We could only admit the fact as they saw it and recognize the universal world plaint of discontent.

They carry themselves, these women, like figures on an antique frieze. As they stride along, holding in sure balance on their heads their jars and baskets of homely produce, they tread the stony paths with the grace and largeness of action that we of the occident have grown to regard as belonging only to the age of Praxiteles.

The men are also admirable in the simplicity of their gestures, the big lines of their attitudes, the swing of their draperies. I saw a youth fling his mantle over his shoulder and fold it about him exactly in the manner of the classic Greek sculptural in his finely unconscious pose. God save the day when these sons of Canaan clothe their limbs in our ungainly garments!—Metropolitan Magazine.

OPEN AIR TREATMENT.

Reasons For Its Good Results In Cases of Consumption.

The advantages of the open air treatment for consumptives may be thus briefly summarized: The patient exposed continuously to fresh air gains in appetite, assimilates his food better, sleeps more soundly and awakens more refreshed. Free exposure to air is the best antipyretic. Sweating at night, formerly so common a symptom, usually ceases. Colds are practically unknown among patients leading an open air life. Secondary infection, on account of the comparative freedom of the air from micro organisms, is much less likely to occur. Tolerance of outside air is very quickly established, and no one who has tried the open air life will willingly go back to the former conditions of stuffiness. I have never seen any one made worse by exposure to fresh air. Even during a thick London fog patients get on better lying in bed on a balcony or in rooms with windows wide open and a good fire burning than when attempts are made to shut out the fog by keeping the windows shut.—Dr. H. W. G. Mackenzie in London Lancet.

RELIGIOUS TATTOOING.

A Custom That Is In Vogue In One Part of Italy.

In the "vanity" section of a museum at Florence there is an interesting collection of blocks used for what is called "religious tattooing" among Italian peasants of the district inclosed between the Abruzzi, Umbria and the Adriatic.

Peasants in these parts at work with shirt sleeves rolled up display a Christian symbol of some sort or a text tattooed in blue ink on their brown skin. This has been imprinted on the occasion of some special festival.

A wooden block is pressed upon the tightly drawn skin to mark the outlines of the design. This is then punctured, and a blue ink is rubbed into the wounds, which usually heal in about twenty-four hours. The custom, which is essentially Christian, is in commemoration of the branding of St. Francis, who founded a monastery close to Loretto.—London Telegraph.

The Lobster's Advantage.

The lobster has been endowed by nature with two gifts which go far to offset the evils attending his lot. One is the ability to fight early, often and all the time if necessary, and the other is the ability to grow a new member—an eye, a leg or a claw—whenever the original is lost in the fortunes of war or by reason of any domestic unpleasantness. It is these two gifts which enable him to grow up and become a useful member of society, most of his members being secondhand, so to speak, by the time he is really grown.—Four Track News.

What a Hand May Mean.

In all my experiences and thoughts I am conscious of a hand. Whatever touches me, whatever thrills me, is as a hand that touches me in the dark, and that touch is my reality. You might as well say that a sight which makes you glad or a blow which brings the stinging tears to your eyes is unreal as to say that those impressions are unreal which I have accumulated by means of touch. The delicate tremble of a butterfly's wings in my hand, the soft petals of violets curling in the cool folds of their leaves or lifting sweetly out of the meadow grass, the clear, firm outline of face and limb, the smooth arch of a horse's neck and the velvety touch of his nose—all these and a thousand resultant combinations, which take shape in my mind, constitute my world.—Helen Keller in Century

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Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest. 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This is an important daily question. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

America's most popular dessert. Received Highest Award, Gold Medal, World's Fair, St. Louis, 1904. Everything in the package; add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry, Strawberry, Chocolate and Cherry. Order a package of each flavor from your grocer to-day. 10c.

When you make Ice Cream use Jell-O ICE CREAM Powder. All ingredients in the package. At all grocers. 2 pkgs. for 25c.

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AND A PLEASANT PLACE TO LIVE IN THE SOUTHWEST.

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Any man with a few hundred dollars can own a home in Arkansas, Louisiana or Texas. Cut over timber land can be bought for $3 to $8 per acre; improved farms at $12 to $25; raw prairie at $10 to $20. Our local immigration agents will help you find a location.

You can raise most anything—corn, wheat, oats, cotton, timothy, clover, alfalfa and fruits and vegetables of all kinds. We have a booklet with illustrations telling about this; write for it.

An ideal stock country, range 10 to 12 months of the year.

In East Texas fruit and truck growing has become a big industry—making lots of money. Unimproved lands are selling at $3 to $10; when planted to orchard they yield $200 to $300 an acre. Write for copy of our fruit booklet.

First and third Tuesdays of each month we sell Homeseekers tickets at one fare, plus $2, round trip. On March 7 and 21, special low rates from St. Louis—less than one fare for the round trip and not exceeding $15 to points in Texas.

Write for map, time table and rates to any point.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 23 1905

All sport lovers and a lot of other people will hope that the learning of "Bonesetter Reese" will enable him to find out exactly what is the matter with the injured arm of Catcher Harry Smith and set the difficulty right. That Massillon's plucky base ball player may soon be able to catch and throw with his old time vigor is the hearty wish of all his friends and neighbors.

It is probable that the commission created by President Roosevelt to consider the subject of naturalization will be ready to report at the next session of congress. Its failure to do so will certainly not be caused by any lack of data upon which to base its deliberations. Repeated instances of fraud and error in connection with the application of the present naturalization laws have been reported by federal officers and the inadequacy of these laws has involved the state department in much correspondence with foreign governments. It is positively known that there have been many fraudulent and improvident naturalizations and a wholesale forgery and sale of spurious papers. The commission will doubtless consider restricting naturalization to certain courts; defining the testimony necessary for naturalization; using distinctive paper to prevent counterfeiting; requiring specific dates as to birth and arrival in this country and the return of all papers at stated intervals.

A NEW PENITENTIARY.

Governor Herrick Wants it Built on a Farm.

Columbus, March 22.—The movement for the betterment of sanitary conditions at the penitentiary promises to bear early fruit. Governor Herrick has announced that he has given orders that everything possible be done at once to stop the spread of tuberculosis at the institution. He is convinced, however, that the necessity is for a new penitentiary, built on a farm, where the convicts might be kept employed at healthful, out of door work, and where they might be housed in a modern, well ventilated building. He believes the present site, which is extremely valuable for manufacturing purposes, might be sold for a large sum, while he thinks a penitentiary farm might be made a self-supporting institution. Dr. S. A. Knopf, of New York, a tuberculosis expert, who has visited the prison several times recently, advocates the immediate placing of more windows in the present structure, the abandonment of the lower tier of cells, the substitution of electricity for gas, and a number of other improvements. The board of managers is disposed to follow his advice as far as possible.

RUSSIA ARRAIGNED.

Present Humiliation is a Just Punishment.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The Metropolitan Antonius has issued a remarkable pastoral address, arraigning the Russia of today for vanity, frivolity, dissipation and impiety, the just punishment of which is humiliation of the nation, and preaching repentance and the fear of God.

"It is not the first time," the pastoral says, "that on holy Russia has fallen dire misfortune, but then Russia was a wholly different country, strong in the love of holy religion and impregnable in devotion to the emperor and the fatherland. Now, while carrying on a great war, instead of congregating in a spirit of high and self-denying patriotism, internal dissension reigns in the land, everything is overthrown, science is neglected and what is holy is trampled on. During the carnival days last week, while our heroes were dying in unequal combat, watering the battlefields with their blood, we dared even then abandon ourselves to the usual excess and days of feasting and unseemly dissipation. With right we are despised by all, mocked at by all the peoples of the earth. Awake, then, holy, orthodox Russia; fear God, cleanse thyself from the stain of the foulness of thy sins. Repent, enlighten thyself and God will give thee grace."

THE GREEN SEAL PAINTS

Stand thinning with pure Linseed Oil, and are therefore more economical than other paints. Read directions on every package. For sale by Hawk Hardware Company.

AN INCREASE IN ASSESSMENTS.

Candidates Greatly Dissatisfied With Committee.

HAD NO VOICE IN THE MATTER.

Assessments Were About Three Times as Much as Those of Any Preceding Election—Legal Proceedings Were Threatened, but Later Candidates Decided to Pay the Amounts Asked.

Canton, March 21.—Candidates who were present at the opening of the books at Republican headquarters in Canton Monday, express much dissatisfaction over the action of Chairman Clarke in greatly increasing the assessment without giving them previous notice. A local paper in commenting upon the matter says:

The assessments were placed anywhere from $15 for councilmen to $300 for probate judge, and what the executive committee wants with the money cannot be figured out. Under the present election law the city and county have to pay the primary election expenses and the executive committee will be at little or no expense, it is claimed.

Just what the committee wants with so great a fund cannot be even guessed at. The laws of Ohio, passed by the last legislature, take the primaries out of the hands of the parties and place them in the hands of the county board of elections. The law is as follows:

Laws of Ohio, (1904) section 2919, p 440—"The expenses of municipal primary elections shall be defrayed by the municipality in which the same is held. The expense of all other primary elections shall be defrayed by the county."

In other years, under the old rules when each party committee had to pay its own expenses, the assessments ran from $25 to $50 for sheriff, and the other offices in proportion, according to the estimated salary. This spring the sheriff candidates are each assessed $150 each and the committee is at no expense whatever. The magnitude of this financial deal can be better realized when it is known that the expenses of holding primaries under the old system did not exceed $1,500 and this assessment will create a fund of $4,000 or more, by the time all the candidates are in.

The assessments and the amounts to be realized for them as far as can be obtained, figuring on the number of candidates already announced and the size of the assessments, follow:

Office.	Assessment.	Amount.
Probate judge	$300	$ 300
Treasurer	200	600
Sheriff	150	600
Mayor	150	450
Pros. Attorney	200	400
Solicitor	100	200
Commissioner	200	200
C. P. Judge	150	150
Board Pub. Servi	50	450
Infirmary Director	35	140
Coun[illegible]	15	75
Totals		$3565

This gives a total of $3,565, to which must be added the assessments for the candidates for a representative, state senator, constables, justices of the peace, city treasurer, township trustees, assessors and the many minor offices, and the possibility of other additional candidates coming out. It is evident that under the system no one would be allowed to escape, and that if the plans do not go awry a fund of nearly $4,000 will be raised. There is a possibility that the party may try to hold the nomination outside of the city under the old system, but this would not be according to law.

At a meeting of the candidates, Judge A. A. Thayer, of Canton, and Attorney George C. Eggert, of Massillon, were retained, with orders to file a petition with the court asking for a writ of mandamus requiring the committee to accept the names of all candidates upon payment of a reasonable fee. Later this was dropped, and several of the candidates signed the books and paid the assessment asked for by the committee.

COLLIER SENTENCED

Four Years in Penitentiary and Heavy Fine.

Columbus, March 21.—George M. Collier, convicted of the embezzlement of state funds while chief examiner of steam engineers, has been sentenced to four years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $2,900.

A spring tonic that makes sick people well. Drives out all impurities that collect in your system. A family tonic for the sick and afflicted. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.

LARGE ORDER FOR STEEL.

Two Hundred Thousand Tons of Billets at $20 Per Ton.

Pittsburg, March 22.—By a steel deal closed today the Pittsburg Steel Company purchased 200,000 tons of billets for delivery between March 21 this year and eleven months hence, at the rate of $20 a ton, or $4,000,000.

The Republic Iron and Steel Company secured a contract for 150,000 tons, while the United States Steel Corporation was awarded a contract for the remaining 50,000 tons. The delivery is to be made monthly.

While the official price has been $21 a ton since the first of the year for billets, some surprise was manifested in steel circles when the fact leaked out that the independent concern had arranged for 200,000 tons at $20.

NO AGREEMENT WAS REACHED.

Operators-Miners' Joint Conference Adjourned Sine Die.

PRESIDENT HASKINS PRESENT.

Operators Will Not Agree to Proposed Increase in Machine Mining Scale—Adjournment was Proposed After an Unsuccessful Attempt to Come to Some Understanding.

The joint conference of miners and operators of the Massillon district, called to settle the machine mining wage scale for the next year, adjourned at noon Wednesday sine die, without any agreement having been reached. For two days the representatives worked hard to reach some understanding which would be mutually satisfactory but Wednesday morning the attempt was abandoned and when a motion was made to adjourn it was carried. Before adjournment it was proposed that President Legg at once communicate the result of the conference to each local union in the Massillon district, and it was agreed that the conference would reconvene at the call of President Legg and Chairman J. C. Haring.

State President Haskins, of the United Mine Workers, was in attendance upon the conference and offered many valuable suggestions which he thought might bring about a settlement. The operators persisted in their stand that the machine miners did not need an increase in salary and their views were as persistently opposed by the miners' representatives.

State Secretary Savage did not attend the Wednesday morning meeting, having left for Columbus Tuesday. President Legg, State President Haskins, Secretary Morgan, Vice President Davis, John Miller, H. G. Graybill, Dennis McCarty and one or two other representatives of the miners were in attendance upon the conference and the operators were in the main the same who attended last week's session of the joint conference.

Many miners not members of the wage scale committee were in the city Wednesday morning to learn the result of the conference.

MUST TAKE OUT LICENSE.

State May Grant the President Special Privileges.

Colorado Springs, Col., March 22.—Philip B. Stewart, of this city, has returned from Glenwood Springs, where he met John Goff and Jake Barsh, the guides who are to pilot President Roosevelt and party to the haunts of mountain lions, bear and wild cats in April. The details of the hunt are all arranged. Two packs of dogs, about thirty in number, will on alternate days make things lively for the animals. Stewart says a train load of thirty horses will carry tents, bedding and provisions. These will be ample, although the President orders that preparations be made for a rough and ready life. Bear steaks, when obtainable, otherwise bacon, flapjacks and black coffee will form the chief features of the commissary. The hunting grounds lie west of Glenwood Springs.

Unless the legislature grants the President a special right to hunt in the state he must take out a foreigner's license, which costs $25. The President is expected to arrive here about April 15 from the reunion of the Rough Riders at San Antonio, Texas.

"HANNA'S LUSTRO-FINISH"

In a variety of beautiful colors.

It is truly wonderful what the ladies are accomplishing with this Finish. It makes an old floor look like new. Old furniture and wood work brought to life. See samples at Hawk Hardware Company.

It pays to try our Want Columns.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Horse and Buggy Stolen from Canton Merchant.

RAILROADS TO PAY DAMAGES.

Plaintiff was Injured in a Collision Between Street Car and Freight at B. & O. Crossing in Massillon in 1902—Massillon Woman is Granted a Divorce.

Canton, March 21.—A valuable light bay horse and an open buggy belonging to Charles Mraz, doing business at 724 Madison street, was stolen from the stable Monday night, it being presumed about 10 o'clock. Mr. Mraz reported his loss to the police Tuesday morning and threw suspicion upon a young man who has been hanging about the stable for some time, many of his nights having been spent there. This man is Frank Moore, better known to the officers as "Skinny" Moore, who has the reputation of doing this kind of work. At a late hour last night he was seen about the city with almost $100 upon his person and when the officers started to look him up this morning he was absent. Patrolman Dickes went south of Navarre, where Moore was found once before, and there it was learned that Moore might be found near Mineral Point. The officer was still in pursuit, but up to a late hour had not found his man. The horse was valued at $150.

Everhardt Bast, father of Michael and John Bast, well known residents of this city, died at his home in North Cherry street at 5 o'clock Tuesday morning from the effects of old age. He was about 85. The funeral will take place from St. Peter's church Thursday morning at 9 o'clock.

The damage suit of Donald McGregor against the railway triumvirate, the Canton-Akron Railway Company, the C., L. & W. Railway Company and the B. & O. Railway Company, for $10,000 damages, was settled in common pleas court yesterday, the three companies agreeing to pay McGregor $1,200 damages, but the disposition of the costs and attorney fees cannot be ascertained by the public. The case was ready for hearing and was being stated to the jury in Judge Harter's room, when the announcement was made that a settlement had been reached. McGregor was on the Canton-Akron car which was in a wreck at the C., L. & W. crossing in Massillon in December, 1902, when a switch train struck the street car. McGregor was injured pretty badly and claimed that his injuries are permanent. Judge A. A. Thayer represented the plaintiff and Welty & Albaugh and Willison & Day represented the defendant companies.

Gertrude Lindenberger, of Massillon, was granted a divorce by Judge Harter yesterday from Anthony Lindenberger on the grounds of extreme cruelty and drunkenness. The case was tried some time ago and completed Monday. Attorney R. A. Pinn was counsel.

Harriet Myers has brought suit for divorce against Frank O. Myers, alleging that her husband was guilty of extreme cruelty, striking and beating her. They were married at Massillon in 1872 and have four children. They have property in Canton. The wife has had him enjoined from disposing of it. E. Wolinsky is counsel.

Canton, March 22.—Detective John Doerler, of Akron, was in Canton Tuesday evening looking for a young woman who it is alleged stole about $1,000 worth of diamonds and clothing from Madame Christian, the keeper of a sporting house in that city. The theft took place about a week ago. It was learned, however, that the suspected girl had a lover in Canton and that he was located in East Seventh street. When the Akron officer came here he consulted Chief McCloud and Patrolman Smiley was detailed to give him assistance, while Captain Patterson looked after some of the details also. Smiley and Doerler learned that the man they were searching for bore the name of King and that he was colored, while the girl was white. He had a picture of the girl wanted and the place was located where she had stopped while in Canton. It was evident that she had disposed of the jewels before reaching Canton, as it was learned that she had a large sum of money and gave part of it to the colored man. It was also ascertained that the couple had taken passage over the Wheeling & Lake Erie lines Monday night for Cleveland and that they intended to take up a residence in an adjoining state, but in what city is not given out.

Frank Moore, better known to the police as "Skinny" Moore, was before Mayor Smith Wednesday morning on a charge of horse stealing, an affidavit against him having been signed by Victor Mraz, of Madison street. Moore entered a plea of not guilty, waiving the right of a preliminary hearing and being bound over to the grand jury. His bond was placed at $500, but being unable to give this he was taken to the county jail by Chief McCloud. Moore is charged with taking a horse belonging to Charles Mraz, the animal being valued at $150. The horse was taken from the stable Monday night and the suspicion was so strong against Moore that Patrolman Dickes and Patrolman Schlemmer started out to look for him Tuesday under the instructions of Chief McCloud and Captain Patterson. Dickes started out with a young man named Quinn, they going south toward Navarre. Before 10 o'clock Patrolman Dickes got some trace of the man and was instructed to proceed in his chase. About noon Patrolman Schlemmer and Mr. Mraz started out, going in the direction of Canal Dover. They soon discovered the rig they were searching for, but Moore was not there. It was learned that he had gone to Canal Dover. While driving toward that place the officer and Mraz noticed Moore approaching on foot and when they came near enough Schlemmer caught him and brought him to the city. Moore is an old offender and has spent about ten or twelve years of his life in prison, being now about twenty-eight years of age. In May, 1903, Moore was arrested and convicted of kidnaping a little girl in short dresses named Ida Prince from the home of her parents in this city and was sent to the penitentiary for one year.

Sarah E. Greber has sued John Greber, jr., for divorce. They were married in 1891 at Massillon and have two children. The allegations are that the husband has been cruel, that he would strike, curse, beat and threaten to kill the plaintiff and that he was in the habit of getting intoxicated frequently. Hemperly & Howells are counsel in the case.

Mary H. Persing has sued Mathias J Persing for divorce. They were married in 1902 and had one child which is dead. They were married in Massillon and then moved to Clyde. After the birth of the child Mrs. Persing states in her petition that she had to go to her mother's home in Massillon and that she was there critically ill for several months and the husband refused to come to see her. She afterwards lay in a Cleveland hospital for a month and he failed to visit her. He was cold, harsh and did not manifest any affection for her and at one time in the presence of a number of persons he struck her in the face. She asks that she be divorced, given alimony, and that her husband be divested of all his rights in her property.

One of the most important damage suits that was ever placed on trial in Canton is that of William E. Clark against the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Company, which began Tuesday morning in court room No. 1, before Judge Harter. Clark brings suit for $30,000 for injuries received in a wreck which occurred at Navarre in October, 1902. Clark was an engineer on the Wheeling at the time of the accident and was in his engine when a train backed down and there was a collision. Engineer Clark was injured so badly that it was thought that he would die. A large section of his skull was crushed in his forehead and had to be removed so that at the present time there is no protection for the brain except that given by the skin that has closed up over the wound. He claims that his general health has been injured, his eyesight affected and he is unable to do any kind of work. He is well known in the city and the outcome of the case will be watched with great interest. The claim is made that there was negligence upon the part of other employes of the company and judgment for the full amount is demanded.

A STRIKE AT WHEELING.

Fifteen Hundred Iron Workers are Involved.

Wheeling, March 22.—At a meeting of the executive board of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers of the second district here Tuesday afternoon a strike was declared in the Laughlin and Whitaker plants of the Whitaker-Glessner Company.

Another meeting of the joint lodges with President Theodore J. Shaffer was held, but nothing was given out. A large number of strangers are here and it was the intention to open the mill non-union Wednesday morning. This was prevented by the flood, thirty-nine feet stopping operations at the mills. One thousand five hundred men are affected, and the lockout has been on for nearly five weeks. President Shaffer and Assistant Pierce left for Pittsburg last night.

If you want your little ones strong, healthy and robust, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. A tonic for the whole family. The children's friend. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.

GREEN SEAL PAINT.

The top notch of paint goodness. For sale by Hawk Hardware Company.

Health

"For 25 years I have never missed taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring. It cleanses my blood, makes me feel strong, and does me good in every way."
John P. Hodnette, Brooklyn, N. Y.

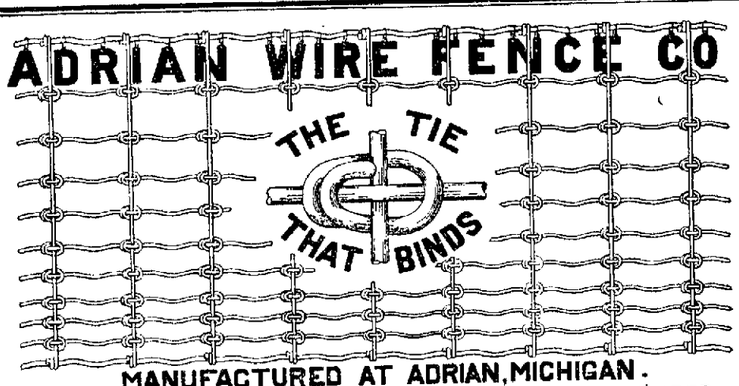
Pure and rich blood carries new life to every part of the body. You are invigorated, refreshed. You feel anxious to be active. You become strong, steady, courageous. That's what Ayer's Sarsaparilla will do for you. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

Ayer's Pills aid the Sarsaparilla greatly. They keep the liver active and the bowels regular.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

ADRIAN WIRE FENCE CO



MANUFACTURED AT ADRIAN, MICHIGAN.
MADE OF THE BEST HARD STEEL WIRE, THOROUGHLY GALVANIZED. THE LOCKS WILL NOT SLIP, THEY ARE NOT DROVE DOWN ON THE WIRE, HENCE NOT A WIRE IN THE FENCE IS INJURED. 16 CROSS BARS TO THE ROD. THE HEAVIEST WOVEN WIRE STANDARD FARM FENCE ON THE MARKET.

FOR SALE BY
J. R. SMITH, 76 W. MAIN ST.
Farmers Phone, 335, Massillon, O.

THE IDEAL CO.
The Popular West Side Store.

Use a Bissel Carpet Sweeper

the year 'round, and housecleaning time will be a joy instead of a time of worriment. You can't appreciate one if you've never used it, and once used you will never be without.

Bissel's Cosmopolitan Sweeper, $3 00.

Call at our West Side Store and learn of its advantages and merits.

Window Shades

Go a great way towards making the house look brighter. We have a good variety of colors at 25c for the Keystone Opaque and 45c for the Chonagen hand made oil opaque, 6x3.

"Dependable"

Best describes our line of Men's Work Shirts, Overalls and Jumpers. Every garment bears the Union Label. Price 50c.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Adair, of Woodland avenue, a son.

C. W. Faxon, of Elyria, is the guest of his cousin, Miss Charlotte D. Leavitt, in the city.

The engagement of Miss Mary Ricks, daughter of Judge and Mrs. A. J. Ricks, to Mr. Ralph Rounds, of New York, has been announced.

Jacob Porr and family have moved from Chagrin Falls to this city and will live in Washington avenue. Mr. Porr will be employed in a local stone-quarry.

Paul North, of Cleveland, has been elected president of the state fish and game commission to succeed Colonel J. Linn Rodgers, recently appointed United States consul to Shanghai.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ward have moved from Canton to this city and have gone to housekeeping in Borden avenue. Mr. Ward is associated with H. W. Holzbach, the West Main street barber.

Ground has been broken for the new U. B. church in West Tremont street. A church and Sunday school room will be built this summer of concrete blocks. The building is to be enclosed before cold weather.

C. B. Heckman and D. T. Frank, members of the Presbyterian building committee, left Wednesday morning for Sandusky to investigate the Sandusky blue limestone as a possible building material for the new Presbyterian church.

The Alliance city council has voted to issue $15,000 in bonds for the erection of a new central fire department station. Ordinances doing away with stalls in saloons and providing for the destruction of steel machines and gambling devices were also passed.

It was hoped that the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. A. R. Chapman would be able to return this week from Steubenville. A letter received from Mrs. Chapman Tuesday morning, however, stated that Dr. Chapman's physician thinks he should not be moved for some time.

J. C. Wells, of Lakeside, was arrested Monday by Deputy Fire Marshal Frank Dimon, charged with arson. Wells owns a cottage at Lakeside, the Methodist summer resort, and it is charged that he set fire to the building November 17, causing a blaze which destroyed five cottages.

James May, of Stanwood, charged with indecency, was given a hearing in Justice Spidle's court Tuesday afternoon and after the examination of four witnesses was bound over to the probate court to be examined as to his sanity. Deputy Sheriff Zaiser, who had become interested in the case through the probate court, took May to Canton.

A surprise was given Martin G. Derwalt at the family home in North Mill street Tuesday evening, the occasion being Mr. Derwalt's sixtieth birthday. Over fifty friends were present. Several musical selections were rendered. Many of those present played progressive euchre. The winners of the prizes were Mr. and Mrs. William Crookston, Mrs. Jeremiah Kitchen and Frank Kessler. Supper was served at 10 o'clock.

About fifty neighbors and other friends assisted Mrs. George J. Remley in celebrating her birthday at the family home in Wissmar avenue, Tuesday evening. The guests arrived at the home with their faces masked and the unmasking caused much merriment. The house was decorated with potted plants and carnations. Prizes for winning games were awarded to Mrs. Frank Wagner and Mrs. Edward Hansen. Mrs. Remley served a supper at 12 o'clock.

Among the Massillon teachers and others who will leave for Washington on Friday on an excursion arranged by the B. & O. railroad will be Miss Edith Albrecht, Mrs. A. L. Crone, the Misses Cora, Florence and Clara Crone, Miss Anna Freis, Miss Alice Gray, Miss Minnie Goehler, Miss Pearl Huber, Miss Gertrude Huber, Miss Clara Morris, Miss Lulu Simpson, Miss Sarah Sibson, Mrs. F. B. Silk and Miss Grace Smith. From Canton, joining the party at Massillon, there will be Miss Helen Buchtel, Miss Mary Baker, Mrs. C. Spangler and Miss Florence Sherrick.

OBITUARY.

WILLIAM CARNAHAN.

William Carnahan, aged 79 years, died at the state hospital Tuesday afternoon of organic brain disease. The deceased was admitted from Tuscarawas county four months ago and the body was sent to New Philadelphia Wednesday morning for interment.

You will need to prepare your system for the coming hot weather, get your organs to work like clock work. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea taken this month will do the business. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.

ALWAYS THIN THE GREEN SEAL PAINTS

With pure Linseed Oil for all outside work. This paint is of heavy body and needs thinning. It thus becomes more economical for the consumer. For sale by Hawk Hardware Company.

It pays to try our want columns

MOVEMENT OF FARMERS.

Eastern Men Going to the West and Northwest.

Chicago, March 22.—For the first two weeks after March 1, when the homeseekers' rates to California were put into effect, travel was light on most of the roads. During the last week, however, the tide has turned, and a rush has set in which promises to tax the equipment of many of the Western trunk lines.

From the Northwest word has been received that a movement has begun which promises to increase largely the population in North Dakota, Idaho, Montana, Washington and Oregon. Prospective settlers are passing through the St. Paul gateway and over the Northern Pacific by the trainload.

Through the Chicago gateway they are pouring also, seeking homes in the middle and Southwestern states, via the Northwestern, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Santa Fe and the Union & Southern Pacific roads.

One of the features of this movement is that Eastern farmers are taking their families into the West. New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio are all contributing many practical farmers, and they seem to be supplied with sufficient money to enable them to develop new farms.

Western trunk lines for several years have been disseminating information concerning the irrigated lands in the West, and from the character of the numerous inquiries they now are receiving from Eastern farmers it is evident they are reaping the benefit of their campaign.

NEARBY TOWNS.

BENTLEY.

Bentley, March 23.—Our people are wishing for a little sunshine.

Some of the farmers have commenced to plow.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Erb and family visited at G. R. Snavely's residence Wednesday evening.

The Rev. and Mrs. Charles Neasle, of New York, are visiting with Miss Jennie Cully.

The Misses Nellie and Edna Snavely and Bessie Heims visited at A. C. Oberlin's on Sunday afternoon.

The Rev. Mr. Steele and family, of Tiffin, are spending several weeks at their country home. The Rev. Mr. Steele's sons will farm the place this summer.

The Misses Nellie Snavely and Bessie Heims and Perlee Shilling, Frank Heims and John Snavely spent Sunday evening at C. D. Oberlin's home.

Mrs. David Short, who has been sick for some tim , is no better at this writing.

The Misses Elma Oberlin and Bessie Heims saw "Arizona" at the Armory Friday night.

Warren Henderson and Charles Riplinger spent Friday evening at G. R. Snavely's residence.

Miss Lura Oberlin is suffering with a severe attack of heart failure.

Our graded school will close April 7. The primary school, which closed two weeks ago, will then have two months' school.

G. R. Snavely and daughter visited relatives in Massillon on Sunday.

George Kries began work yesterday at the glass factory at Massillon.

Mr. and Mrs. Fowler, of Massillon, spent Sunday evening with Daniel Heinbuch and family.

Miss Hazel Freed spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents near Wilmot.

EAST GREENVILLE.

East Greenville, March 23.—William Masters, jr., has gone to Pittsburg to be fireman on the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago railroad.

Thomas Lewis, sr., is ill at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hughes and Thomas Collier have gone to Youngstown on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Hughes' and Mr. Collier's brother.

William Kreiger has purchased the Myers estate, which was sold at public sale last Saturday.

Frank Ickes has purchased the William Eckroad property one mile west of town.

George Bickel has just received three car loads of lumber which he is unloading.

There will be preaching in the M E. church Sunday evening by the Rev. J. T. Hoak.

FIGHTING FOR TWO DAYS.

Japanese in Constant Touch With the Russians.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The Russian retreat has apparently been well managed. Seventy miles were covered in four days by the rear guard, and the heads of the columns are forty miles in advance at Gunshu Pass. It is believed the bulk of Oyama's army is still at Tie Pass and the flanking column is apparently weak. There has been skirmishing for two days with artillery exchanges between the Japanese on the grand trade route and the Russian lines screening the retreat.

THAT HOUSE OF YOURS

Will feel more comfortable during the cold season in a warm coat of Green Seal Paint. For sale by Hawk Hardware Company.

NEARBY TOWNS.

DALTON.

Dalton, March 21.—We have been having plenty of wet weather. Wheat is reported to have a poor appearance in this section.

George C. Race was in Massillon last week, called there by the illness of his brother, who was not expected to live.

A comedy drama was performed in the school hall here Saturday evening by Wooster dramatists. There was a fair audience.

James Buchanan, jr., of Chicago, is visiting relatives here. Mr. Buchanan, it is reported, intends to move either to Cleveland or Dalton.

The wrecker was called from Massillon last week to replace three cars that were derailed while going up the mine switch.

Samuel Gochnauer, of Burton City, was in town Saturday. He intends to move to Massillon instead of Dalton. John Leveaur, the superintendent of mine No. 14, will move into the Gochnauer property.

S. J. Goudy moved his household goods into his newly completed apartments above the grocery in his block in Main street. The rooms are considered as the most up-to-date and convenient in the town.

The Ideals were entertained very pleasantly at Mrs. C. B. Feasel's, in East Main street, Friday evening. An enjoyable time is reported by those present.

Miss Carrie Harrold's home in West Park avenue was the scene of much pleasure Friday evening, the event being the social meeting of the Up-to-Date club. The main feature of the occasion was the "bundle game," in which a piece of limburger cheese starred as the most startling "bundle," and was finally ejected into the open air as an undesirable object. Refreshments were served.

We will get the electric line yet. Mansfield and Wooster will lay the rails for us if Massillon doesn't. Nothing would be more helpful than an interurban electric line from Massillon's suburbs.

The marble craze has about subsided and base ball takes its place.

Mrs. E. L. Marcy, who had been called here by the illness of her mother, Mrs. F. Bixler, left Saturday night on the fast train, due here at 11:07, for her home at Coffeeville, Kan.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Goudy were visitors in Cleveland on Saturday.

MT. EATON.

Mt. Eaton, March 22.—As to the present crowd of gold seekers, after gold quartz near Mt. Eaton, the resident portion of our village fail to see the gathering, but really wish some capitalists would venture to find the precious ore in and about our hills. No doubt there is an underlying value in the shape of the "black diamonds," and perhaps many other ores, but they must be worked out to prove of any value to those who own the soil above them. So let the geologists and scientists advance and make the necessary explorations and prove the truth of the rumor.

When the old stage coach ran from New Philadelphia on through Mt. Eaton to Wooster, the people who then resided here spoke frequently of the great convenience of travel, even better than at present, for the stage was a commodious vehicle, and on each return the merry driver, Jacob Kitch, wheeled his four noble horses cutting a figure eight in his maneuvering as he whirled into the yard of the Eagle hotel, then kept by William Lucas, father of the present proprietor. Mr. Kitch was a jolly man and quite talkative, but we have never heard anyone speak of the "spooks" along the highway during that time, unless the hobgoblins were called up by some who may have been going home from a nightly spree after returning from one of the groggeries or distilleries which then did abound in and about the village, for that was one of the "fashions" at that time, we are told, and we yet fail to have ever seen Mt. Eaton minus one or two of such places, notwithstanding it has the name of a "dry" town. But when its streets become "paved with gold" then we shall surely experience a commotion and all evil and darksome places lighted up with the spirit of truth and christianity. Wickedness shall vanish, foolishness, selfishness and intemperance skulk away, hypocrisy and deceit hide their ugly visages when the bright light of purity and religion shall scatter their shining wealth of beauty around, rendering our earthly homes a veritable Eden.

It was thus that our divine Creator intended that gold in its purity and brightness, as His great gift to men, should be used for the betterment of the human race. Without dross and without loss will the man gain happiness now and forever who with his gold shall erect a temple of wisdom, purity and righteousness in which his fellow beings may learn to walk in the light which shines around the man of God.

NAVARRE.

Navarre, March 22.—The pupils of Miss Harriet A. Corl gave a recital at her home in Center street on Monday evening. The following programme was rendered in excellent style:

First grade selections by Trevia Williams, Marjory Wanamaker, Harold Hollinger, Bessie Whisler, Myron Swaller.

Summer..... Lichner
Miss Isabelle Loew.
Thorn Rose . Thome
Miss Bessie Thomas.
By the Brookside—Reverie .Fieldhouse
Miss Geneve Miller.
Mountain Pink—Reverie .Fieldhouse
Miss Maude Blaker.
Song—"You Come and Play in My Yard" .Isabelle Loew
Meditation .Morrison
Miss Ruth Siffert.
Shepherd Boy . Roy Foster
Jolly Blacksmith .Miss Lucile Eckroate
March of the Troubadours . . . . . Miss Stella Whisler
World's Fair March Miss Helen Eckroate
Robins Return Fisher
Miss Loretta Loew.
Song—"The Unseen Land" Harry Fulton
Love Dreams .Miss Marie Loew
Valse Arabesque..Miss Gladys Wanamaker

GENOA.

Genoa, March 22—The rainy weather is putting the roads in bad condition.

Miss Christina Marchand is spending a couple of weeks with her sister, Mrs. Byron Whitmer, near Bolivar

Peter Strape took in Massillon Monday.

Mrs. Mary Karrer visited Mrs. Fred Marchand Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Muskoff will occupy their new home near Massillon in the near future.

Last Thursday there was quite a surprise at the Miller school house for the teacher and scholars by the householders.

William Miller is poorly at this writing.

Literary closed at Genoa last Thursday evening.

Charles Eddington is assisting Edward Klick to saw timber.

John Hartzell moved his household goods to Canton recently.

NEWMAN.

Newman, March 22.—Mrs. John Sadler visited North Lawrence friends last Wednesday.

T. Jefferson Morgan attended the central committee meeting at Canton last Wednesday.

Cohen Kahler will take possession of the Lorin C. Wise farm on April 1.

August Peters has been busy the past winter getting out timber for the erection of a new barn this spring.

Henry Rummins is now a resident of Crystal Spring and enjoys the pleasure of "spitting on his own stove." He has the best wishes of his Newman friends.

Mrs. Mary A. Weidner was a visitor at Canal Fulton part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Fisher, of Massillon, were Sunday visitors in our village.

James, the six-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Timothy Ramsey, is seriously ill at this writing.

Mrs. Prentice, of Sandusky, is visiting her children, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Prentice, this week.

Miss Gwynnie Rummins is visiting her sister, Mrs. William A. Allen, at Genoa, this week.

Nearly all of our coal mines have shut down indefinitely, thereby throwing a great many of our people out of work.

The red and blue button contest will draw to a close Saturday evening. This week is being devoted to the raising of funds for the purpose of making the necessary repairs on the church building, so the captain of the red and the captain of the blue each have a subscription list and are hustling to see which side will be successful in raising the most money by Saturday evening. All friends of Sunday school work are expected to have their names on the roll of honor in this contest.

James A. Weidner sold his stock of hides to C. R. Daily, of Canal Fulton, last Monday.

George Williams, the efficient teacher of our public school, has secured for the second time a two-year certificate and came within two per cent of making it three years this time. George is truly making the right kind of progress.

William Findley was called to New Philadelphia on Wednesday through the sickness of his cousin, John Dougal.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

Crystal Spring, March 22.—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis J. Haer, a son.

Miss Anna Crookston was the guest of friends in Massillon Tuesday.

Miss Dora Porr, of Albion, Mich., is visiting relatives and friends in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Ries and son Willard, of Massillon, spent Sunday in town.

Miss Blanche Stuhldreher has returned from a three weeks' sojourn with friends and relatives in Akron and Barberton.

Miss Grace Moore, of Massillon, spent Sunday with Miss Jennie Sharp, at this place.

Mrs. William Meiner and Mrs. Gustave Tursky visited friends in Canton Friday.

Mrs. Joseph Mong and children and Mr. and Mrs. John Kennedy, of Canal Fulton, enjoyed several days' stay last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Kapper.

Miss Grace Putman returned Monday from her home at Wilmot to again resume her duties as teacher in the public school at this place, after several days' absence owing to illness.

Frank and George Smith, of New Berlin, spent Sunday with friends in the village.

The regular meeting of the Twentieth Century euchre club was held Tuesday night at the home of R. W. Smith. John Schalmo and L. W. Rauher were declared winners. Refreshments and lunch were served.

Fully two hundred and fifty people were entertained Saturday night in the advanced department on the second floor of the Crystal Spring school. The attraction was a concert and entertainment given by the dramatic talent of this place. Two farces entitled "The Sham Professor" and "Spelling School," and one drama, "Awful Aunt," were presented in an able manner. Recitations by the Misses Mabel Clay, Tillie Rohr, Adell Clay, Clara Fierstos and Myrtle A. Miller, were delivered in perfect style, bringing forth loud applause. Miss Miller was obliged to respond to an encore from the audience. A song by Henry C. Rohr was a vocal treat. The duet by Rastus Nay and Sambo Smith, of the Sunny South colored orchestra, was a novel feature and made a hit, chiefly because of the odd shapes of the musical instruments used. Messrs. Grojean and Walcott, of Massillon, interspersed the programme with selections on the mandolin and guitar; also gave a xylophone solo and two songs, with accompaniment on the organ. Truly the Massillon boys proved great performers and received many cheers. Much credit is due the promoters, especially Miss Fierstos and Mr. Ebie for the active part taken in the plays, helping materially to bring the event to a successful end, with the financial result of placing over $30 in the library fund.

Twenty beautiful combinations in colors that harmonize, can be obtained when you use THE GREEN SEAL PAINTS. See Hawk Hardware Company.

ROYAL Baking Powder Saves Health

The use of Royal Baking Powder is essential to the healthfulness of the family food.

Yeast ferments the food.
Alum baking powders are injurious.

Royal Baking Powder saves health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Periodic Pains.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are a most remarkable remedy for the relief of periodic pains, backache, nervous or sick headache, or any of the distressing aches and pains that cause women so much suffering.

As pain is weakening, and leaves the system in an exhausted condition, it is wrong to suffer a moment longer than necessary, and you should take the Anti-Pain Pills on first indication of an attack.

If taken as directed you may have entire confidence in their effectiveness, as well as in the fact that they will leave no disagreeable after-effects.

They contain no morphine, opium, chloral, cocaine or other dangerous drugs.

"For a long time I have suffered greatly with spells of backache, that seem almost more than I can endure. These attacks come on every month, and last two or three days. I have never been able to get anything that would give me much relief until I began the use of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, and they always relieve me in a short time. My sister, who suffers the same way, has used them with the same results." MRS. LARK, 721 S. Michigan St., South Bend, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

100 Ladies' Umbrellas—just received, choice of plain wood and fancy handles, 26 inch, paid regular values at..... **$1.00**

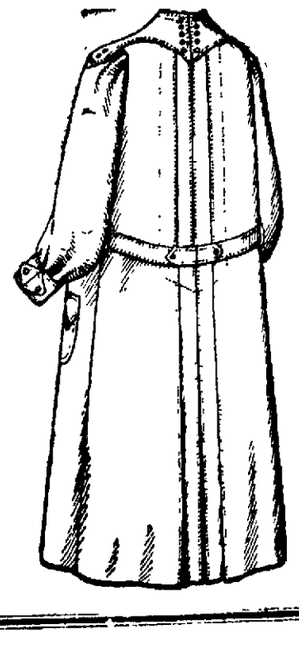
THE Bee Hive

Colored Lawnette, Lawn and Percale, 36 inch with fancy borders, red, green, blue, brown and black, worth $2.50, at..... **$1.69**

Rain Coats in Handsome Styles.

An unusually large showing of the season's latest productions at little prices.

All the current features of fashion are incorporated in these smart rain coats, which should have a more appropriate name, for they are so stylish and becoming that they are made to do service as much in fair weather as on rainy days. We have received into stock lately fresh lots of the new ideas in these handsome garments, made by the best and most reliable of manufacturers If you have in mind the purchase of a new Rain Coat this spring don't miss seeing our exceptionally fine line including garments at any price you might wish to pay.



Ladies' Oxford Cravanette Rain Coats, made full length, fitted back, wide skirt with belt and full Leg O'Mutton sleeves, all sizes up to 42 at..... **$10 00**

Misses' and Small Ladies' Rain Coat, like cut, made of good cravanette cloth in tan color **$12.50**

Ladies' Oxford and Brown Cravanette Coats, plaited back with belt, large full sleeves, at..... **$13.50**

A full and complete stock of all kinds and styles of Ladies' Cravanette Rain Coats in the Plain Cloths, Tan and Oxford; also fancy stripes and novelties in all shades; prices from **$15.00** to **$23.50.**

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Here, There, Everywhere, In Sport

W. G. Brokaw's Challenger Is America's Fastest Auto Boat---Athletics at University of Wisconsin---Severe Cold Kills Game Birds.

Auto boating is rapidly becoming a most popular sport, and the devotees of the recently found pastime have been enjoying themselves to the limit of late on Lake Worth at Palm Beach, Fla., that winter paradise for the northern leisure class

W. Gould Brokaw's swift craft, the Challenger of New York, has been demonstrating that it is the fastest auto boat in American waters by successively reducing the record for a mile.

Operated by Proctor Smith, the boat went a mile in 2 04 1 5 with the wind and on the run back, against the wind, made the distance in 2 05 4-5 Later in another essay the boat went in 2 02 The speed which the new craft attains is directly comparable to that reached by the automobile racing machines on land. The boats are considerably lighter, but the resistance caused by the water necessarily retards the boat more than does the opposition afforded by the air to the cars The auto boats are clean, trim looking craft, built only for speed.

Wisconsin Athletics.

New coaches, new policies and new athletes are expected to work wonders with the athletic situation at the University of Wisconsin. The teams, which have been on the down grade for several seasons, are expected to show winning form again, and before long it is hoped that the old prestige of the cardinal will be restored.

James Temple, who is to coach the track men this spring, is one of the factors upon whom the optimists of the rooters' fraternity of the institution are counting to bring this renaissance about He is to have entire charge of the track squad, conditioning the men and overseeing their training in every particular. Temple formerly worked in this capacity at West Point. The superb physical condition of the cadets' teems is said to have been due in a large measure to his efforts, and if he can live up to his reputation followers of Wisconsin will have no reason to complain.

Baxter G. Vreeland.

One of Temple's new pupils is Baxter G. Vreeland. He is a star sprinter and is credited with a record of 9 4-5 seconds for 100 yards. This mark was made in Colorado. Vreeland hails from Denver and only entered Wisconsin this year.

The new athlete is built something on the lines of Maybury, the great dash man, who carried Wisconsin colors to the front a few years ago. If the new man fails to come up to expectations there will be a lot of disappointed rooters

Game Perishes in Illinois.

It is feared that thousands of game birds have perished throughout Illinois as the result of the recent cold wave. The coat of ice upon the frozen ground has prevented quail, prairie chickens and other birds from securing food. In addition, there has been a heavy fall of snow covering the ice to a depth of from five to eight inches and still further increasing the difficulties of wild animals in obtaining subsistence Hunters are greatly concerned over the fate of the birds and rabbits.

Nat Cohen, one of the fish commissioners for Illinois, states that the board is compiling the annual report and that it will soon be made public. One of the interesting features is a paragraph concerning the enemies of the game fish and the fact that permits are now being issued by the board to well organized hunting and fishing clubs to drag or seine any stream in Illinois for dogfish, gar or any other species that wages war upon the game fish

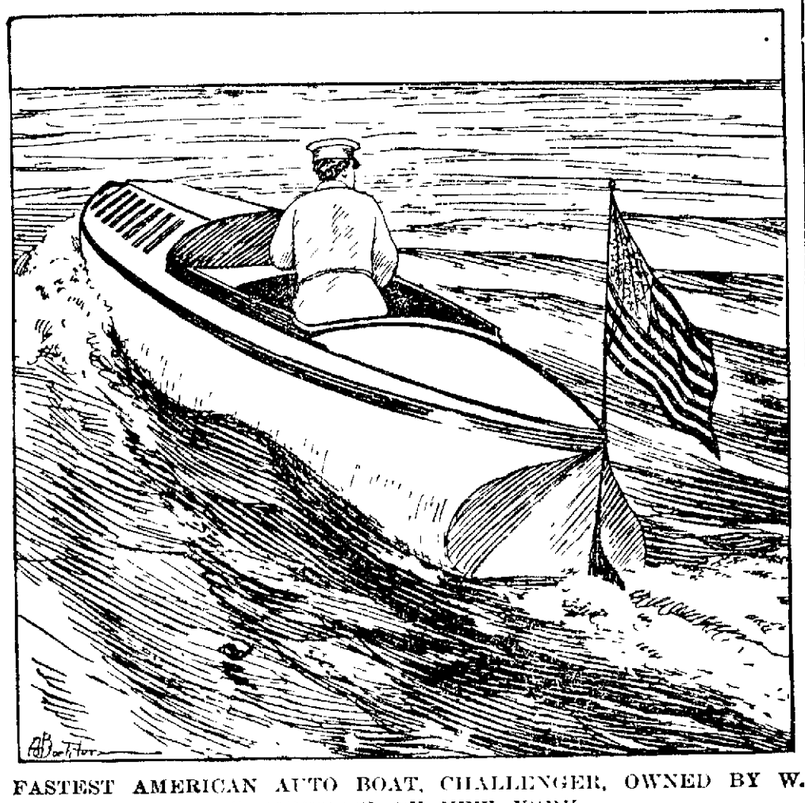
One fisherman near Havana, Ill., last month secured 35,000 pounds of gar. The gar is the most destructive enemy of the game fish and does more injury than all the illegal fishing combined. The permit requires that all game fish caught with the gar or dogfish must be thrown back into the water, and, in addition, the prosecution of the warfare must be under the supervision of a fish warden

Tod Sloane.

Through his action in signing to ride for Ed Corrigan, Tod Sloane has caused a decided turf sensation. Sloane it was who practically revolutionized English riding methods

Until Sloane's invasion of the English turf he was a bold man who would intimate to an Englishman that an American jockey could ride quite as well as his English brother. If he asserted that the American was superior to the English style of jockeyship he would be laughed at. In either case it is certain that he would be told that the American jockey was no horseman, that he could not have control of his horse and could not steady him while his weight practically was on his withers. It is natural, of course, that Englishmen should hold that their system was the better one, but it was not natural for them to laugh at everybody who attempted to show the superiority of the American system.

Englishmen now are convinced that there is something in the American style of jockeyship, but they have been convinced against their will. Ultimately they probably will adopt our style, but the change will be gradual. A step forward has been made. Some of the English jockeys are copying Sloane's style and methods. The number of his imitators will grow, and the old style of riding which Englishmen have sworn by gradually will be shut out of view by the new school following the American style introduced by Sloane. Then the Englishmen will have better jockeys, because, other things being equal, the American style is the best. It is easier on the horse, and it enables the jockey to gain better control of him. There is less danger of the horse being thrown out of his stride, and the weight is placed where he best can carry it. The English jockey rides much as if he were on a mad tear in the park instead of riding in a race. The American jockey for the time being becomes a part of his horse, and his every motion is or should be attuned to that of the horse



FASTEST AMERICAN AUTO BOAT, CHALLENGER, OWNED BY W. G. BROKAW OF NEW YORK.

BAXTER G. VREELAND, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

Emperor's Transatlantic Yacht Race.

The ocean race for the German emperor's cup will start the racing earlier than usual next season This race will be started off Sandy Hook on May 15, and it is expected that quite a big fleet of starters will cross the ocean. This race will in a measure spoil the racing in the big classes here for the early part of the season, but the racers will probably return for the cruise of the New York Yacht club

The emperor's idea is to get as many of the American boats as possible to the other side of the Atlantic to take part in the German regattas.

Evans vs. Bowker.

The Yonkers (N. Y.) Bantamweight Picked to Defeat Britisher---Ring Gossip.

Unusual interest centers in the coming fight in England between "Pinkey" Evans of Yonkers, N. Y., and Jem Bowker, the British champion bantam weight.

Evans has forged ahead rapidly of late, and scores of sporting men believe he will defeat Bowker. Bowker's recent defeat of Frankie Neil boomed his stock considerably, but Evans does not consider the victory over the Californian to count for as much as many people think it does.

Evans is a fighter of the dashing, slashing sort. There is nothing of the

"PINKEY" EVANS, NOTED BANTAM FIGHTER.

crafty, cautious, deliberate "pug" about him, and if he once gets Bowker "on the run" the latter will go down and out in short order.

The fight is to take place before the National Sporting club of London May 25.

Every effort is again being made to legalize boxing in Massachusetts But previous experences indicate little likelihood of success. Every year when the legislature goes into session one or more promoters present their ideas of what the boxing law should be to the general court. The fight promoter, of course, is allowed the ordinary courtesy of filing his bill, but it does not get much farther, and that will be the case of the two petitions that have been sent to the legislature to permit boxing in Boston.

One of the petitions is for a law that will permit incorporated clubs to give boxing exhibitions of not over six rounds upon payment of an annual license fee of $1,200. This bill if passed would practically annul the present law.

The second petition proposes to leave the present law as it is, with further restrictions imposed. Bouts are to be limited to six rounds. The secretary of the commonwealth is to grant yearly licenses to referees on payment of a fee of $5. A penalty of $200 fine or three months in the house of correction is to be imposed on any referee who officiates at any contest without a license

A referee's duties are to see that the gloves do not weigh less than five ounces, that contestants pass a satisfactory physical examination before they compete and that the contests are conducted cleanly and without brutality. Failure to attend to the regulations is to be punished by the loss of the referee's license on proved complaint of the police authorities of the city or town in which the contest takes place

---

Reluctant as he appears to be to join the professional ranks it looks as if Sam Berger of California, the former amateur heavyweight champion of America, would be forced to abandon the amateurs and become an out and out fighter.

Not long ago Berger took money and likewise a walloping at the hands of a big longshoreman in San Francisco, and this alleged feet having come to the ears of the directors of the exclusive Olympic Athletic club Berger will lose his membership and be dropped from the club. It is not the first time Berger has been in disfavor with the club, and for several months his resignation has been in the hands of the directors.

When Berger helped in training Fitzsimmons for his fight with Gardner he was reported as having received money for his work, and his expulsion from the ranks of the Olympics was then considered. Through intervention of friends he was allowed to remain in the club, but was asked to file his resignation, which was to be acted upon at any time that the directors thought he had offended further.

GIRLS' BASKET BALL RULES.

How They Differ From Regulations For Men.

The fact that some of the girls' basket ball teams play according to the rules for men and others according to the girls' rules precludes the possibility of teams of the one group competing against those of the other, as the two games are very much unlike.

According to the girls' rules, each player must stay within prescribed limits during the entire game and may not run to any part of the court, as in boys' contests

This fine game is more of a nervous strain than the one without limits, as the tendency for a girl to step over her prescribed line is sometimes greater than she can control, and a foul is called.

BRAVERY OF JAPANESE

Russian Deserter's Tribute to Their Fighting Qualities.

COURAGE AND DASH RESISTLESS.

The Little Brown Men, Says a Former Captain, Fought Like Demons. In Bayonet Fighting Their Utter Disregard For Life Was Most Forcibly Shown—Says Hearts of Czar's Soldiers Are Not In the War.

Among the roustabouts in the Panhandle freight depot at Columbus, O., is a man known as Ivan Vasilievitch, until early last August a captain in one of the companies that went to make up General Stakelberg's army, which set out from Mukden to the relief of Port Arthur. Today he is simply a deserter from the cause for which he found no sympathy, says the Columbus correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

One morning he quietly appeared among the roustabouts, went about his work without a word to any one of them and every day since he has been the same His dress is rough, but however rough the work there is always something about him that seems to keep out the grime. Vasilievitch may not be his name. When one questions this, he simply shrugs his shoulders. He is well educated and talks half a dozen languages.

"The heart of the Russian trooper is not in the fight," he says. "I do not expect Russia to win. Russia has great—almost exhaustless—resources, but they are too far removed from the scene of conflict. The railroad has proved a great failure.

"The Russian army is torn with dissension, with jealousies, with a constantly rising spirit of rebelliousness. The war does not appeal to the man who is being drafted for the summer rushing to the front. The war is a foreign thing to him, an evil thing which is thrust upon him without cause and without his understanding. When we started to the front there was exhilaration in the ranks. It seemed an easy thing to push the forces of the mikado back to the sea. The ambition of the officers was enthusing them. It is not so now. Daily the patriotism is numbing beneath the bitter cold and hardship.

"When we started to the relief of Port Arthur all were eager. We felt then that we were going to the protection of our own. But for Manchuria, however fruitful a land, the Russian soldier does not care. He knows it is never to be for him.

"We marched for twelve days to the south of Liaoyang before we encountered the forces of Kuroki. There was much preliminary skirmishing until one morning before daybreak the enemy hurled themselves upon us. For four days we fought incessantly. Ah, such fighting, such charges, such daredevil bravery, such utter lack of fear, as those little brown men displayed! We had thought our Cossacks the grandest fighters in the world until they met hand to hand with these little fellows who swarmed antlike upon us.

"They fought like demons. It was a pretty sight to watch a bayonet contest single handed between one of them and a Cossack. The little man knew every trick of parry and thrust. He would circle about the big man like a hawk, punking him here and there until finally there would be an opening, a quick, hurtling lunge, and it was over. What it was with the peasant recruit you can easily imagine. He was as a child in the hands of the Jap, trained to fight in most instances from childhood. It will be even worse when the raw recruits are sent to the front from the peasantry this summer.

"The courage and dash of the Japs are resistless. Not a one of them but is willing to lay down his life if need be Such patriotism we had never dreamed of, much less seen They faltered at nothing. They played away their lives with a heroism supreme.

"It was in the bayonet fighting in strength that the Japanese utter disregard for life was most forcibly shown. Frequently our lines met in such conflict. Then one Jap would deliberately sacrifice himself, gathering to his breast when possible three bayonets. Before he was dead his comrades had trebly avenged his death. It was by this system, by these tactics, that they broke through our lines. They put us to rout, the rout became a defeat, the defeat a butchery. We were irretrievably scattered.

"Hither and away we ran like rats through the country we had marched over in such a splendid show of strength. It was every man for himself. With thirty survivors of my company I made for the Chinese coast. Most of our force of 80,000 returned to Liaoyang. We marched twenty-two days across the Chinese country to Chefu, where we secured a change of clothing and later got aboard Chinese junks and worked our way by degrees to Honckong, reaching the latter place finally by sailing vessel

"All of us talked Italian, and we passed for Italians We scattered there. Half a dozen of us remained together, shipping aboard vessels plying between Honckong and Manila and finally getting aboard a vessel bound for England. Once there, with our savings we came to America

"There is little more to tell We will never return to Russia under its present government What is there for us there? Freedom alone will bring salvation to the downtrodden Russian people. But I see no promise even with the present rebellious feeling. Vladimir stands between the people and liberty."

NOW IS THE TIME

To look up your old bicycles and have them repaired. I will do the work cheap 'till April first.

We also Buy Old Wheels and Sell Second Hand Wheels.

We also sell New Wheels from $20.00 to $35 00. Bicycle Tires from $2.00 to $5 00 each. Coaster Brakes put on any wheel. Bicycle sundries all prices. Linseed oil, oils, paints, varnishes, stains, dryer, floor oil, white lead, window glass, Oil Cloth 28c to 75c. Linoleum, $1.00 to $1.40. Hardware. Miners' Oil 40c. Handles, Picks, Shovels Lamps. Cistern Pumps $2.50 to $4.00, Well Pumps, $3.00 to $5.00, Sinks from $1 25 to $2.50 Step Ladders and Ladders. Cook Stoves from $12 00 to $25.00. Steel Ranges $30 00, with Reservoir $40.00. Go Cart tires put on. New Wringers $1.75 to $4.00. Wringers repaired, Umbrellas repaired. Roofing Paper, 3-ply 95c, 2-ply 75c. Roofing Paint, guaranteed for five years. Building Paper 55c a roll. Nails per lb. 3c. Clover Seed Sowers $1.50. Stove Pipe, from 2-in. to 7-in Hot Plates 50c to $3 00. Gasoline Stoves, from $3 00 to $5.00. Mantels, from 8c to 25c. Globes, 8c to $1 00. Two-light Chandeliers, $1.25 to $5 00. Brackets, 25c to $1.25. Portable Lamps, $2.00 to $4.50 All kinds of grinding. Gas ranges from $7.50 to $18.

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING, PIPE FITNING.

PIPE FOR SALE.

The Allen Cook Stove Burner

Fitted in Any Stove.

These Prices Are 'Till April 1st.

J. R. SMITH,

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Duff's COLLEGE imparts a sound Business Education, giving young men and women a start in life, enabling them to earn a livelihood in this age of commerce. No summer vacation, enter at any time. Wm. B. Duff Pres., Pittsburg Pa.

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Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper

TRAVELERS' REGISTER.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div

Pennsylvania Lines.

Time Table of Passenger Trains-Cent'l Time

Westward.	23 AM	9 AM	15 PM	41 AM	31 PM	403 AM
Pittsb'gh lv.	*3 15	*7 00	*8 30	†5 00	1*35	11*30
Beaver Falls, "	....	8 03	7 26	6 23	2 37	12 21
Columbiana, "	....	....	....	7 43	3 40	....
Leetonia, "	....	9 02	....	7 52	3 46	1 13
Salem, "	....	9 15	8 33	8 08	4 00	1 25
Alliance, "	5 35	9 40	8 55	9 05	4 40	1 48
Maximo, "	....	....	....	9 17	4 55	....
Louisville, "	....	....	....	9 26	5 07	....
Canton, "	6 07	10 11	9 27	9 38	5 24	2 19
Massillon, "	....	10 28	9 42	9 53	5 42	2 36
Lawrence, "	Sleeping and Dining Cars.	....	....	10 06	5 55	....
Burton City "		....	....	10 11	6 00	....
Orrville, "		10 54	10 04	10 20	6 15	3 00
Smithville, "		....	....	10 28	6 25	....
Wooster, "		11 12	10 22	10 36	6 35	3 15
Shreve, "		....	....	10 52	6 55	....
Big Prairie, "		....	....	11 02	7 02	....
Lakeville, "		....	....	11 10	7 10	....
Loudonville, "		....	....	11 24	7 22	3 43
Perrysville, "		....	....	11 33	7 30	....
Lucas, "		....	35	11 45	7 46	....
Mansfield, "	8 00	12 16	11 24	P M 12 00	8 05	4 15
Crestline, ar.	8 43	12 45	11 50	†12 55	12 25 P M	†7 00
Bucyrus, lv.	....	1 08	12 13	3 17 P M		7 30
Lima, "	10 24	2 38	1 40	5 05		9 28
Van Wert, "	....	3 20	2 22	5 55		10 16
Ft. Wayne ar.	11 50	4 10	3 15	7 00		11*25
Warsaw, lv.	....	5 23	4 29	8 27		1 18
Plymouth, "	1 29	6 04	5 08	9 10		2 10
Valparaiso "	....	7 11	6 08			3 36
Chicago, ar.	4 00 P M	8 45 P M	7 35 A M	P M		5 30 P M

EASTWARD LEAVE	22 PM	8 PM	6 PM	36 AM	30 AM
Chicago,	*1 00	*3 00	11*45		†7 30
Valp'raiso	2 27	4 36	1 43		9 20
Plymouth,	3 29	5 40	3 00	†5 50	10 30
Warsaw	4 06	6 18	3 53	6 34	11 15
Ft. WAYNE ar	5 10	7 40	5 15	7 50	12 30
Van Wert, lv.	6 03	8 35	6 27	8 55	1 55
Lima, "	6 49	9 30	7 21	9 41	2 51
Bucyrus,	8 19	11 15	9 24	11 29	4 44
Crestline,	8 50	11 50	10 00	11 55	†5 25
Mansfield,	9 13	12 15	10 27	AM	5 50
Lucas,	....	....	10 37		6 03
Perry'ville	....	....	10 48		6 15
Loudon'v'le	....	....	10 57		6 24
Lakeville	....	....	11 10		6 38
Big Prairie	....	....	11 14		6 42
Shreve,	....	....	11 25		6 54
Wooster	Sleeping and Dining Cars	Sleeping Cars	11 41		7 10
Smithville		....	12 16		7 22
Orrville,		1 15	12 31		7 35
B'rton City		....	12 36		7 41
Lawrence		....	12 42		7 47
Massillon		2 06	12 57		8 03
Canton,		2 27	1 16		8 23
Louisville,		....	1 29		k.....
Maximo		....	k....		k.....
ALLIANCE,		3 05	2 15		9 00
Salem,		3 27	2 44		PM
Leetonia,		....	2 56		
Col'mb'na		....	3 04		
BeaverF'ls	V	4 37	4 10		
ar. PITTSBURGH	2 15 AM	5 50 AM	5 30 PM		

32 AM	408 PM	416 PM
†6 00	12*30	3*40
6 11	....	....
6 24	....	....
6 31	....	....
6 42	....	....
6 45	....	....
6 54	....	....
7 12	1 29	4 34
7 24	....	....
7 40	1 53	4 57
7 45	....	....
7 51	....	....
8 06	2 17	5 18
8 24	2 38	5 37
8 40	....	....
8 53	....	....
9 00	9 35	3 15 6 10
PM	10 06	3 38 6 30
	10 18	....
	10 25	....
	11 30	7 27
	1 00	5 55 8 30
	PM	AM PM

Train leaving Crestline at 7 00 a. m. for Chicago is No. 39. No. 24 leaves Chicago *7 30 p. m., Orrville 4 12 a. m., Canton *4 48 a. m., arrives Pittsburgh *7 45 a m.

No 405 leaves Alliance 10 55 p. m. daily, Canton 11 25 p. m., stops at Massillon, Orrville and Wooster on flag for passengers for Mansfield and points west. Arrives Mansfield 1 25 a m.

*daily, †Ex. Sunday. vStops on notice to conductor to discharge passengers k Flag stop to let off passengers from stations west of Canton and take on passengers for points east of Alliance. x Flag stop to let off passengers from west of Crestline.

No 34 leaves Mansfield Sundays only 6 25 a. m ; arrives Pittsburgh 12 40 p. m.

Dark Face Type denotes time from 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light face, from 12 midnight to 12 noon

At Orrville, connection is made with C. A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by **Nos. 6, 8, 24, 32, 36, 403** and **41** and for Columbus by **Nos. 6, 30, 15, 31, 32** and **41. Nos. 23, 15, 403** and **8** connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Tiffin and Toledo. **No. 6** connects at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

G. L. PECK, Gen'l Mgr. SAMUEL MOODY, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. E. A. FORD, Pass'r. Traffic Mgr.
2-7-05-C PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

Wabash System W. & L. E. R. R.

Local time table in effect Jan. 8, 1905.

East Bound	2 daily P. M.	28 daily P. M.	20 daily EX SUN	16 daily P. M.	4 daily P. M.
Lv St. Louis	9 05	8 30		12 30	
" Chicago	11 00	A M	P. M	3 00	
" Toledo	A8 40	10 32	4 30	11 15	
" Fremont	9 51	11 57	5 50		
" Clyde	10 05	12 15	6 05		
" Bellevue	10 18	12 31	6 19		
" Monroeville	10 33	12 50	6 35		
" Norwalk	10 45	1 02	6 45	1 03	
" Orrville	12 30	3 03	9 08		
" Massillon	12 58	3 37	9 47	3 08	12 25
" Navarre	1 10	3 50	No. 6		12 45
" Bowerston		4 58	daily		1 58
" Jewett	2 30	5 20	8 30		2 35
Ar Pittsburg	4 30	7 55		6 35	4 30
" Steuben	P. M.	7 20	10 05	A. M	4 45
" Martins Fer.		6 56	9 50		3 55
" Wheeling		7 05	10 00		4 05
		P. M.	A. M.		PM.

West Bound	3 daily A. M	7 daily A. M.	15 daily P. M.	5 daily P. M.	19 daily P. M.
Lv Wheeling		6 25		12 50	
" Martins Fer.		6 35		1 00	
" Steubenville		6 25		12 35	
" Pittsburg	6 00		12 30		7 30
" Jewett	8 25	8 15	2 30	2 35	
" Bowerston	8 52	No 21		3 05	
" Navarre	10 05	EX SUN	3 50	4 29	
" Massillon	10 19	6 43	4 04	4 40	10 50
" Orrville	10 57	7 14	4 33		
" Norwalk	12 58	9 19	6 27		1 00
" Monroeville	1 09	9 30	6 35		
" Bellevue	1 27	9 48	6 52		
" Clyde	1 43	10 05	7 06		
" Fremont	2 00	10 20	7 20		
Ar Toledo U. D.	3 30	11 45	8 40		2 40
" Chicago	P. M.	A. M.	P. M		A10 02
" St Louis	7 30		8 04		1 45
					P. M.

Cleveland Div. Going North all daily	31 A. M	33 A. M.	35 P. M.	45 P. M.
Lv Massillon	6 30		12 25	3 37
" Navarre	6 55	10 08	3 00	4 25
" Canton	7 25	10 38	3 27	4 55
Ar Cleveland	9 40	12 45	5 20	7 10

Going South all daily	32 A M	34 A. M	30 P. M.	46 P. M.
Lv Cleveland	7 00	10 05	5 45	4 00
Ar Canton	9 05	12 15	8 04	5 57
" Massillon	10 19		8 55	
Lv Navarre, south.	9 37			6 30
Ar Zanesville	12 10 P. M.			9 00

C. S. Crane, G. P. & T A., Cleveland, O
S A. Cunningham, Agent.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Time table effective Nov. 27, 1904

EAST Read Down.	†14 A M	†16 A M	†10 P M	†2 P M	544 P M
Cleveland		7 40	1 00	5 30	6 00
Liverpool		8 32		6 26	6 57
Lester		8 40		8 42	7 10
Medina		8 55		8 57	7 25
Seville		9 14		7 21	7 46
Sterling		9 20		7 29	7 58
Easton		19 32		7 41	8 06
Ar. Akron		10 35	2 10		
Lv Akron U D	6 00	7 30	2 15		
Warwick	6 27	9 46	2 42	7 55	8 15
Canal Fulton	6 36	9 54	2 48	8 05	8 23
Massillon	6 58	10 15	3 07	8 25	8 44
Canal Dove	7 43	11 03	3 51		
N Philadelphia	7 50	11 10	3 57		
Uhrichsville	8 12	11 30	4 15		
Freeport	8 48	12 06	4 54		
Flushing	9 12	12 33	5 19		
Bridgeport	10 25	1 45 P	6 30		

WEST Read Up.	†1 A M	†11 A M	†17 P M	†15 P M	541 A M
Cleveland	8 50	11 50	6 15	9 50	10 05
Liverpool	7 51		5 25		9 12
Lester	7 38		5 14		9 02
Medina	7 26		5 01		8 48
Seville	6 59		4 37		8 28
Sterling	6 53		4 31		8 17
Easton	6 40		4 18		8 06
Ar. Akron		10 35		8 38	
Lv Akron U D	8 40	10 35		8 36	8 4
Warwick	6 27	10 00	4 07	7 55	7 55
Canal Fulton	6 18	9 48	4 01	7 38	7 42
Massillon	6 00	9 29	3 39	7 18	7 26
Canal Dover		8 42	2 55	6 31	
N Philadelphia		8 35	2 45	6 25	
Uhrichsville		8 12	2 29	6 07	
Freeport		7 40	1 56	5 29	
Flushing		7 16	1 29	4 57	
Bridgeport		6 15	12 20	8 40	

†22	†26		†21	†35
4 00	6 40	Lorain	9 50	6 20
4 17	6 55	Elyria	9 31	6 59
5 00	7 35	Lester	8 50	6 10

Cleveland, Akron & Columbus

Trains Run by Central Standard Time

Southbound.	502	508	506	00
	a m	p m	p m	
CLEVELAND lv	*8 40	1 30	9 00	
Hudson "	9 08	1 35	9 5	....
AKRON ar	9 35	2 03	10 15	....
" lv	9 35	2 03	0 1	4 30
Barberton	9 51	20	10 30	4 47
ORRVILLE ar	10 30	8 00	11 00	5 25
" lv	10 30	3 00	11 0	5 25
Millersburg	11 10	3 47	11 34	6 10
Mt. Vernon	11 30	5 10	2 4	7 25
COLUMBUS	1 40	6 40	5	8 5
	p m	p m.	a m	a m

Northbound.	507	503	505
	a m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS lv	*12 40	*7 15	*5 25
Mt. Vernon "	2 10	8 48	00
Millersburg "	3 0	10 06	8 20
ORRVILLE ar	4 05	1 0	9 12
" lv	4 15	1 0	9 12
Barberton "	4 48	30	10 00
AKRON ar	5 05	1 50	25
" lv	5 15	11 50	26
Hudson "	5 50	2	55
CLEVELAND ar	6 50	*1 20	5 50
	a m	p m	p m

Train leaving Wooster (Flag Stop) at 10 a m week days for intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg, 11:10 a m week days *Every day. †Week days only

For particulars see nearest C. A. & C. ticket agent or communicate with Geo W. Weedon, District Passenger Agent Cleveland, O.

Main Line	Read down *14 P M	*8 P M	*8 A M	Read up. *7 P M	*15 A M	*6 A M
Chicago	10 30	8 30	10 40	5 30	7 40	9 00
Chicago Je	6 15A	11 25	5 45p	9 55A	1120p	1 50
Sterling	7 50		7 15	8 18	9 42	
Warwick	8 15	1 17	7 40	5 57	9 18	12 01
Akron	8 40	1 40	8 10	7 30	8 50	1135p
			*10	*9		
Akron	8 50	1 47	2 15	11 40	8 36	11 31
Pittsburg	2 15p	8 00	9 00	7 50	4 30	5 05
Washington	2 12A	4 4*p	6 30A	1 15p		1100A
Baltimore	3 51	6 00	7 55	8 00		10 00
Philadelphia	6 00	8 19	10 15	6 18		7 40
New York	8 20	10 28p	1228p	4 12		2 27

*Sunday only *Daily. †Except Sunday f Flag stops. W. H. RUGH, Ticket Agent.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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HOOGHLY RIVER FULL OF SHARKS

Massillonians Visit Calcutta and See Burning Ghats.

ROASTING OF THE HINDOOS.

The Place Where the Black Hole was Situated is Now Marked by a Monument—Museums and Other Interesting Sights in India Described by Dr. A. P. L. Pease.

In a letter from Agra, India, dated February 1, Dr. A. Per Lee Pease, of this city, writes to the Pittsburg Dispatch:

A voyage across the Bay of Bengal or any part of the Indian ocean without a shark story or two would be almost an anomaly, and we were given two by the Hooghly river pilot who came with me from Rangoon to Calcutta, both having come under his personal notice.

They were brought out by an inquiry about whether there were many sharks in the bay.

"Sharks? Yes! The water is full of them, but you seldom see them. One time when I was learning my trade and I was coming over this same route a man fell overboard. We lowered a boat as quickly as we could and put back for him, but it was fully twenty minutes before we reached him. Just as we were about to give him a hand four huge sharks seized and tore him to pieces before our eyes and almost within our grasp. I shall never forget it to my dying day and could not sleep for three nights afterward.

"At another time I was on a sailing vessel and a boat was being towed behind by a line. In the boat was a sailor fast asleep with one hand hanging over the gunwale. A shark jumped for the hand, missed it, but landed in the boat to the astonishment and terror of the sailor, who thus rudely awakened sang out lustily in his fright. Of course you know when a shark is out of his natural element his facilities for doing damage are much limited, so this one was soon dispatched and hoisted upon the deck."

This man had a long apprenticeship to serve before coming into full fledged pilotship and after coming up to the Hooghly river to Calcutta the observer realizes the great importance of a long and thorough preparatory training. The river is tortuous and the channel constantly being changed by silting sand. At one most dangerous point where a steamer of the British India line stuck in the quicksand and actually disappeared, the crew stood by the davits ready to lower the boats should it be necessary, which was not to our great satisfaction.

But this pilot had to serve five years as leadman and then three more as junior pilot on small craft before he obtained his government license. He is allowed a long vacation every four years and after serving a specified period he is pensioned for life.

A journey up the Hooghly, said to be the most dangerous river in the world to navigate, is as full of interest to the traveler as it is of possibilities for trouble to the mariner. Thousands of craft are seen, villages upon the shores are passed at frequent intervals, farmers are at work in the fields, conveyances and cattle are moving along the causeways, an occasional battery with earthworks is seen, inasmuch as Johnny Bull has a word to say as to whether vessels shall pass by or not, jute factories and potteries recur quite frequently and the near approach to this great Indian manufacturing city is, by its multiplicity of manufacturing plants with their smokestacks and pall of smoke overhanging it all, not unlike the great Iron City so-called.

While Calcutta does not pose as one of the show places so much sought for by the tourist, there is much there which is well worth seeing. The museum contains one of the finest, most extensive and comprehensive collection of the osseous remains of antediluvian monsters in the world, to say nothing of its interest in other lines. There is a fine zoological garden and a botanical garden which boasts of the largest banyan tree in the world, said to be capable of embracing within its sheltering shade a regiment of soldiers.

The building in which was the Black Hole of Calcutta has been removed and a monument marks the spot. We visited the burning ghat, where the remains of Hindoos are consigned to the flames.

At Benares are burning ghats upon a more extensive scale and we took a small boat one afternoon and were rowed down the Ganges to a point as close to the principal one as we could get. Here ten bodies were in as many stages of combustion and one was being prepared at the water's edge, not twenty feet from our boat, so we had a good view of the entire performance. When first brought there each body is dipped in the sacred river and then laid upon the ground with the feet in the water, probably for the last purifying process. A woman covered with a long white cotton garment stood ankle deep in the water overseeing the process, and our guide informed us it was the widow of the departed, come to see that everything was done up to the standard. When all was ready, a man standing upon a wall nearby tossed down a long bundle of dry rushes, which was instantly set on fire and placed under the pile of wood without any preliminary performances of any kind.

When all was ablaze, the widow stepped up to a high wall to the left, a tall native lifted her up high enough to be seized by the hands from above and she was drawn roughly up to walk away and disappear in a neighboring boat.

These ghats are series of stone steps leading from the former palaces of the grandees down to the river. The Ganges in flood time becomes a roaring torrent, rising forty to fifty feet above its present level. In the foundation walls of the temples are seen iron rings at different heights to which to fasten boats when not in use. Most of these palaces are in a more or less ruinous condition like the cracked and mouldy ones in Venice, but the government has made an appropriation for their being restored. The Ganges has undermined the foundations of some of them and the ghats leading to them so that they are badly askew and not at all pleasing to the eye.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROGRAMME.

Menu to Consist of Bear Meat, Bacon and Coffee.

Washington, March 20.—President Roosevelt will start April 3 on his trip through the Southwest. He will leave that day for Louisville, Ky., where he will be the guest of a Confederate Veteran camp, to which he will make a speech. The President will be accompanied by Attorney General Moody and Secretary Loeb and the usual corps of White House stenographers and confidential clerks.

After leaving Louisville the President and his party will go to Texas, passing through South McAllister and Muscokee in the Indian territory, where short stops will be made.

The President will be met at Dallas, Tex., by Colonel John M. Simpson and his son, Sloan Simpson, who were neighbors of the President when he was ranching at Medora. A dinner in honor of the President will be given by Colonel Simpson, after which the Presidential party will go to Waco, where the President will make an address before going to Austin, where he will arrive at noon on the sixth.

The legislature will meet in joint session to receive the President and he will make an address, speaking afterward on the steps of the capitol to the people.

He will then go to Ft. Worth, where he will make the last speech on his trip. He will be met again by the Simpsons and will go with them to Bovina, in the Texas panhandle, where the Simpsons own a large ranch. The President will remain on the ranch as the guest of the Simpsons for several days hunting and fishing and will then cross over into Colorado, where he will go into the mountains and begin a hunt which he has planned to last three or four weeks.

The President and his party will be under the care of the veteran guides Jake Borah and Bill J. Goff. They will depend largely upon their rifles for subsistence during the hunt. The President wrote those in charge of the hunting trip that he wanted "bear meat, bacon and coffee," and advised against their making any extensive preparations.

"I want to rough it," he wrote, "so that the trip will do me some good."

The President's private car will be sidetracked near Glenwood where Secretary Loeb and the stenographers and clerks will remain. Telegraph wires and operators will be placed in the cars and the President will be able to transact business by sending any important matters to Secretary Loeb, who will transmit them to Washington.

Messages of importance for the President will be sent into the mountains by trusty messengers who have been employed by the President's hunting friends. If successful on the hunt the President may remain there five or six weeks. He intends to take a thorough rest and has told his friends that he can only secure this by getting out of communication with the officials in Washington.

The President does not expect to be back in Washington until June.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm

WALDING; KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

CANDIDATE BOOKS OPEN.

Draw Cuts for Position on Primary Tickets.

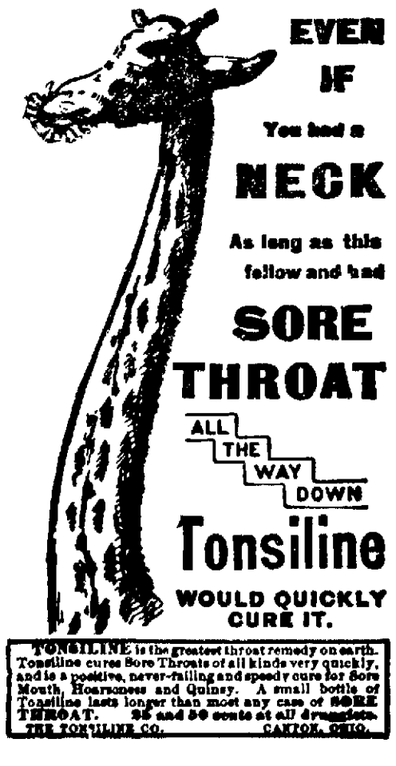
FISHER HEADS COUNTY TICKET.

Books Will be Open Until Friday Morning at 10 O'clock—Only One Candidate as Yet for County Commissioner and Probate Judge.

Canton, March 20.—The books for the entering of the names of candidates for nomination at the Republican primary election to be held on Saturday, April 8, were opened at 10 o'clock Monday morning in Republican headquarters in the Wernet block. The books were opened by County Chairman George H. Clark and Secretary W. J. Davies for the names of candidates for judicial, county, Canton city and township offices and for the state legislature. Nearly all of the candidates were on hand at the hour designated by the central committee and after their names were entered it was agreed that places on the ticket should be decided by lot. For county treasurer, M. A. Fisher and Harry Knobloch were on hand. Captain Fisher drew No. 1 and chose first place. Mr. Knobloch selected third place in the list for county treasurer. Clark Metzger, the other candidate for the nomination, arrived a few minutes after the drawing and remarked that he was perfectly satisfied with second place, so that the primary ticket will be Fisher, Metzger and Knobloch. For county prosecutor, Charles C. Upham drew the card marked No. 1 and Denver C. Hughes the card marked No. 2. For sheriff, R. Frank Wilson drew No. 1 and Harvey Zaiser took second choice for position on the ticket. John A. Graham, of Massillon, came in after the drawing took place and W. L. Crubaugh, of Alliance, is also to be entered. For infirmary director Aaron Meese and Andrew Reese drew lots and the former got No. 1 position. Isaac H. Smith and Daniel H. Warstler, the other candidates, were on hand but a little late for the drawing. For probate judge and county commissioner no candidates were on hand, probably for the reason that as yet no opposition has developed for C. C. Bow or James C. Burnheimer.

The Canton city ticket resulted first in a drawing between Mayor W. H. Smith and L. P. D. Yost for the mayoralty nomination. Mr. Yost got No. 1 and will have first place on the ticket. John F. Spitler was not present but will be given second place as Mayor Smith chose the bottom of the mayoralty list. For city solicitor, Will L. Day and U. S. Johnston will be lined up, the former drawing the head of the ticket. For the board of public service August Lauffer drew No. 1 and will head the list. Six of the candidates were present at the drawing. For township treasurer George C. Landsay and W. Curtis Smith drew cuts. Mr. Lindsay got No. 1 and Mr. Smith took the last place on the list of candidates for that office. The other candidate for the nomination is Theodore R. Ballard. The books will be kept open until Friday morning at 10 o'clock. As each candidate entered his name the assessment charged by the committee appointed for that purpose was paid. The drawing of lots for places was very friendly and the candidates had considerable amusement as to who would have first choice for position.

If you want your little ones strong, healthy and robust, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. A tonic for the whole family. The children's friend. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.



EVEN IF You had a NECK As long as this fellow and had SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN Tonsiline WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.

TONSILINE is the greatest throat remedy on earth. Tonsiline cures Sore Throats of all kinds very quickly, and is a positive, never-failing and speedy cure for Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy. A small bottle of Tonsiline lasts longer than most any case of SORE THROAT. 25 and 50 cents at all druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, OHIO.

CHARLES HAINES KILLED.

Accident on the Pennsylvania at Maximo.

Canton, March 20.—Charles Haines, of Alliance, a flagman on a Pennsylvania freight train, was killed at Maximo Monday morning in a rear end freight collision. A train in charge of Engineer T. J. Falor, of Massillon, ran into the freight. The caboose was badly damaged and two cars were derailed. No one else was injured in the accident.

MRS. ELLEN DALE DIED SUNDAY.

A Well Known Resident of North Lawrence.

VISITING IN NEW PHILADELPHIA

Mrs. Dale Went to the Latter City to Visit Her Daughter, Mrs. Gertrude Moore, a Month Ago—The Funeral on Tuesday—Sudden Death of J. L. Hall, of Orrville.

Mrs. Ellen Dale, aged 52 years, wife of Aaron Dale, of North Lawrence, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Gertrude Moore, at New Philadelphia, Saturday, of heart disease and dropsy. Mrs. Dale had been ill for a year and went to New Philadelphia a month ago to visit her daughter, it being Mrs. Dale's expressed wish that she might spend a few days with Mrs. Moore before her health failed to prevent her from traveling. She was taken seriously ill soon after reaching her daughter's home and failed rapidly from that time. Mrs. Dale was born in England but had been a resident of North Lawrence many years. Mr. Dale is a well known coal miner. The deceased is survived also by a son, Harry Dale, who is in the livery business at North Lawrence. The body was taken to the family home Sunday. The funeral will be held from the M. E. church in North Lawrence Tuesday at 1:30 o'clock. Interment will be made in the Newman Creek cemetery.

GEORGE LASIC.

George Lasic, aged 43 years, died at the state hospital Sunday. The body is being held to await advice from relatives in Jefferson county, the deceased's former home.

J. L. HALL.

Orrville, March 20.—J. L. Hall, aged 75 years, one of the oldest residents of Wayne county and the oldest resident of Orrville, both in residence and in point of years, was killed at Akron Saturday by being hit by a Baltimore & Ohio passenger train as he stepped from a Canton, Akron & Columbus train. Death was instantaneous. The back part of the head was torn off and one arm and one leg broken. The body was brought to the family home here. The funeral was held Monday and the body taken to Mogadore for interment. Mr. Hall was a veteran of the civil war and after returning from the conflict was village marshal for ten years, during which time he was called upon to show great personal bravery in several instances. Wayne Post, G. A. R., of this place, of which the deceased was a member, had charge of the funeral. A wife and one son survive.

MRS. JOSEPH PAUL.

Mrs. Joseph Paul, aged 66 years, a well known resident of West Brookfield, died at 9 o'clock Monday morning from the effects of a severe attack of the grip. Mrs. Paul had been seriously ill but one week. The deceased is survived by her husband and three sons, George, Joseph and Peter Paul. Joseph Paul, jr., is the proprietor of a grocery store in West Brookfield. The funeral will probably be held Thursday morning from St. Barbara's church, although definite arrangements have not been made.

PLANS NEARLY READY.

Contractors to Have Church Specifications Soon.

The plans and specifications for the new Presbyterian church have been about completed by C. B. Heckman and these will be given to contractors soon in order that bids may be received as to the relative cost of pressed brick and stone. As soon as the estimates have been received from the contractors the official board and the congregation will decide what will be used to construct the church. The edifice is to cost about $40,000.

NEARBY TOWNS.

NAVARRE.

Navarre, March 20.—Miss Murna Shearer, of Canal Dover, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hall, who have been spending the winter with relatives near Navarre, left Monday morning for their home in Pierceton, Ind.

THE WILD BOAR.

Full of Courage and Cunning and Never Loses His Head.

The wild boar never loses his head—or his heart. Such courage I have never beheld in any four footed creature. He has all the cunning commonly accredited to his Satanic majesty and in his rage is a demon that will charge anything of any size. I have seen a small boar work his way through a pack of dogs and his smaller brother, the peccary, in Brazil, send a man up a tree and keep him there.

The boar looks ungainly, but the Indian species is as fleet as a horse for about three-quarters of a mile. He begins wth flight, shifts to cunning and finally stands to the fight with magnificent courage, facing any odds. As, riding upon him, you are about to plant your spear, he will dart—"jink," as they call it in India—to one side, repeating the performance several times, until he finds he cannot shake you, when, turning suddenly, with ears cocked and eyes glittering, he will charge furiously. If not squarely met with a well aimed and firmly held spear, he will upset horse and rider. Hurling himself again and again against the surrounding spears, he will keep up his charge until killed, when he dies without a groan.—Outing.

They Cut Both Ways.

Some intelligence offices encourage even the greenest girls to abandon general housework and try for the place of cook, parlor maid, etc., for it increases the fee, many offices basing this upon the amount of wages paid. This is one explanation of the decreasing number of general housework girls.

They are also responsible for some of the restlessness of employees. Girls are placed in positions and removed when they are needed for others. Some use employers as training schools. Green foreigners are sent, and when they have learned enough English and housework they are sent to others for higher wages, the office not neglecting to collect the extra fees.

Then they inform the long suffering employer that they understand her girl has left and that they can supply her need.—Atlantic Monthly.

His Portrait.

A tramp of some little respectability appeared at a gentleman's door asking alms. "Not today," said the interrogated one. "When may I call?" responded the tramp. "Why don't call at all. I know what you are. I saw your picture on a tin can at the grocery store at the corner." The applicant for a loan sauntered leisurely down to the place and stood viewing the goods in the widow. Soon his eye came upon a can of crustaceans from the Maine coast. Then the joke flashed on him. As he meandered away he mumbled to himself, "Well, that's the neatest way of calling a fellow a lobster that I've struck yet!"

VELOCITY OF ELECTRICITY.

Spark and Mirror Method by Which It Was Determined.

To determine the velocity of electricity a "spark board" was fitted with six insulated knobs in a straight line. The distance from 1 to 2 was the tenth of an inch, between 2 and 3 was a quarter of a mile of insulated wire, from 3 to 4 was again the tenth of an inch, between 4 and 5 was another quarter of a mile of wire, and between 5 and 6 was once more the tenth of an inch.

When the jar was discharged there were three sparks, one from 1 to 2, one from 3 to 4 and one from 5 to 6. It was found by viewing these in a rapidly revolving mirror that the image of the spark between 3 and 4, which could only be formed after the wire coils had been traversed, lagged a little behind the other two.

This displacement of the image was then measured, and as the velocity of the mirror was known the velocity of the electrical discharge was determined as 288,000 miles a second.

A Case of Too Much Children.

In a volume of reminiscences a very funny story is told of the late Bishop Bloomfield, who, having a family by his first wife, married a second time. This Mrs. Bloomfield was a widow, with a brood of her own, and in due course a third family arrived on the scene. One day the bishop was disturbed by his wife running into his study in a great state of excitement. "What is it, dear?" he testily inquired. "Oh, bishop!" was her agonized reply. "Quick, quick! There's not a moment to lose! Your children are siding with my children and are murdering our children!"

The Debts of Millet.

The father of M. Casimir-Perier called on Corot one day and found him in the act of finishing a picture. "A masterpiece!" exclaimed the visitor. "I must have it."

"It is yours," promptly replied Corot, "if you will agree to pay the butcher and baker bills of my illustrious but poor friend, Jean Francois Millet."

"Agreed," said the patron, well pleased. The bills were presented to him, and they amounted to nearly $6,000, neither butcher nor baker having been paid for twelve years.

Married Angels.

A domestic wife is merely a woman. When we marry for love we don't marry a woman. We marry an angel, a celestial, ethereal being with wings and a halo. As you value your happiness never remove the wings and halo.—Arthur Law.

Their Two Views.

Hicks—If the newspaper men should print everything they knew they would make a lot of trouble in the world. Wicks—They would make a lot less if they wouldn't print so much that they don't know.—Somerville Journal.

OPERA GLASSES.

Poor Ones Are the Cause of a Host of Ocular Infirmities.

The woman was not old, but she complained that her eyesight was failing fast. The oculist was a fatherly looking old gentleman; consequently he felt privileged to put a few questions decidedly personal and apparently non-professional.

"Do you go to the theater often?" he asked.

"Once or twice a week."

"In what part of the house do you sit?"

"Usually in the top gallery," came the hesitating reply.

"And now what grade of opera glasses do you use?"

"I'm afraid," said the woman, "that they are not good."

"I thought so," said the doctor. "That's what's the matter with your eyes. Poor opera glasses are ruining them. If I had my way there wouldn't be a cheap pair of opera glasses on the market. They are death to the eyes. A couple of seasons of theater going in the top gallery with poor glasses for a steady companion are sure to damage the best pair of eyes in town. Better a hundred times let the glasses alone. If you have a good, strong pair, all right—go ahead and use them. If not, trust to the naked eye for making out the mysteries of the play. The sight will not suffer half so much.

"Poor glasses will not focus properly, and any one who uses them frequently, especially at that distance from the stage, is sowing the seed of headaches, dancing lights and stars, wrinkles and a host of other ocular infirmities."—Chicago Tribune.

Perfumes as Disinfectants.

It is a well known fact that workers among lavender beds seldom take infectious ailments, and those engaged in the perfumery trade are singularly free from them. A good perfume in the old days was considered an excellent disinfectant. The doctors then used to carry walking sticks with silver or gold knobs. These opened with a lid, disclosing a tiny vinaigrette box, which the physician held to his nose when entering rooms containing patients ill with any infectious diseases.

Not Too Fast.

"Don't you sometimes think we are living too fast?"

"No. I used to, but I soon cured that impression. I moved out to a suburb and rode in to work every day on an accommodation train."—Exchange.

A Serious Question.

"Mamma," said five-year-old Nellie, "I'd like to ask your advice about something."

"What is it, dear?" queried her mother.

"After I get through school what would you advise me to do while I'm waiting to be married?" asked the little miss.

Why Great Novel Writers Are Scarce.

The number of great novel writers is small. A deep experience of the world and human beings is given to few, because few can bear the suffering which is its price, and fewer still have the moral courage to tell the truth.—John Oliver Hobbes.

Yankee Assurance.

Irritated Frenchman (to American who has mistaken him for a waiter)—Sir-r, you haf gr-r-rossly insulted me! There is my card! My seconds vill vait upon you, sir-r-r! American—Never mind your seconds, Frenchy. You can wait on me just as well. Pass me the worcestershire sauce, and be quick about it!

Had His Own Doubts.

"Say, ma" asked little Willie after he had been in conjunction with the paternal slipper, "did anybody besides pa ever ask you to be his wife?"

"Oh, yes; I had lots of proposals before your father came along."

"Well, do you think you gained anything by waiting?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Fine Drawn.

"You will observe that this is a very fine point."

"It ought to be. You've strained it enough."—Cleveland Leader.

An Open Question.

An advertiser asks, "Has the man grown or the flannel shirt shrunk?" That depends upon which of them was washed.

Men are the sport of circumstances when the circumstances seem the sport of men.—Byron.

They Got Married.

Tom (who has been away)—Did you and that girl you were engaged to last summer get married? Jack—Yes, but we are not living together. Tom—Why? What's the trouble? Jack—Oh, no trouble at all. She married another man, and I married another girl.

Indirect Action.

Hix—Did that trip to Europe relieve your mind of your family trouble? Dix—Indirectly, yes; it emptied my pocketbook so successfully that I was obliged to take my mind off my family for awhile to replenish it.—Detroit Free Press.

On the Pullman.

"Let's get out at the next station and stretch our legs."

"Oh, leave that to the porter."—Cleveland Leader.

Shining In Society.

Jim—Scraggs is shining in society. Jam—So? Jim—Yes; private bootblack for the Goulderbilts.—Princeton Tiger.

A little sorrow may teach more than many sermons.—Chicago Tribune.

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BOILER EXPLODES, BUILDING FALLS

Scores of Shoe Factory Employes Mangled, Crushed and Burned to Death.

HUMAN HEROISM RISES ABOVE PHYSICAL AGONY

Victims, Doomed to Terrible Death in Accident at Brockton, Mass., Expend Last Breath Aiding Comrades to Escape—Fire Demon Adds Terrors to Shocking Disaster.

Brockton, Mass., March 21.—This city is in mourning for at least three score of her citizens whose lives were blotted out by the explosion of a boiler in a large shoe manufacturing establishment in the Campello district conducted by the R. B. Grover company.

The explosion was immediately followed by a mash of flame, which consumed the factory, a long, four-story structure, as if it were a house of cards, and incinerated an unknown number of men and women who were unable to extricate themselves from a mass of tangled wreckage formed by the terrific upheaval in the boiler room. More than half a hundred of the employes in the building were maimed, burned or bruised by the time they reached safe ground. Some had jumped from the roof, some from windows and others had been injured in the mad rush to escape from the doomed factory, which from all parts emitted the intense, awful heat of an inferno, driving back the band of heroic rescuers who in a few moments had performed gallant service. The fire extended from the factory to several other buildings in the vicinity and destroyed them.

Victims Hard to Identify.

It may never be known just how many persons perished in the wreckage. No one knows exactly how many persons were in the factory. The number has been estimated at 400, but Treasurer Charles O. Emerson said he doubted whether there were so many at work. Two hundred and fifty survivors have been accounted for and at midnight the remains of 50 bodies had been recovered from the ruins, the search being continued all night. Fragments of human frames which possibly might belong to bodies other than those enumerated have also been found. Few of the remains have been identified. The head in nearly every case is missing and except in rare instances it was impossible even to distinguish the sex.

Chief of Police Boyden at a late hour last night expressed the opinion that some of the employes had not reached the factory at the time of the explosion and that undoubtedly a number of those living in nearby places were injured and had gone home without reporting their injuries. He thought that many of those not accounted for, upwards of 100 in number, were among these.

The disaster was attended by many harrowing scenes and thrilling rescues. For hours hundreds of the relatives of the factory operatives besieged the ruins and the fire and police stations in quest of missing ones. Some in their violent grief and agonizing stress of mind collapsed.

Several of the rescuers and searchers fainted as they beheld the distressing scene. There was no trace of the body of David W. Rockwell, engineer of the plant, who was not seen after the explosion. It is supposed that he perished at his post.

Cause of Explosion a Mystery.

An inspection of the wrecked boiler by the state boiler inspector showed that there was a sufficient supply of water in it. The cause of the explosion is at present a mystery. The disaster will be further investigated by the state authorities.

The explosion occurred shortly after the operatives had settled down to work for the day. Suddenly the air vibrated with a roar of an explosion. At the same moment the wooden frame of the factory, a four-story structure, quivered and then the rear portion collapsed. In a fraction of a second this section of the great building had been transformed into a mass of iron and wood wreckage, in the midst of which human beings were pinioned. In another minute fire had broken out in the debris and death by fire and suffocation became the fate of scores of the operatives.

When the boiler exploded it passed upward almost perpendicularly, tearing a passage as it went, killing many on the way. After rising high in the air it descended half the distance and then, swerving northerly, cut its way like some huge projectile through a dwelling house 50 feet away and pierced another dwelling further along, demolishing the latter structure. Here its course was stopped.

No Time Given to Escape.

Scenes of horror followed. In the rear the three upper floors, weighted as they were with heavy machinery, collapsed. Men and women operatives working in departments of this section, who were busy at their machines, had time but to turn in an attempt to flee when the flooring sank beneath them and they were carried to the ground floor, crushed and bruised amid the mass of debris. Many fell into a veritable fiery furnace.

In the sections of the factory which remained standing the operatives were panic stricken as they sought escape. Many fled down the stairways and reached the street, others ran to the windows, the fire escapes in many cases having been torn away by the explosion. In desperation many jumped from the second and third-story windows to the ground and were injured. The crush on the stairways resulted in numerous minor injuries.

Scarcely had the rear portion of the structure collapsed when a tongue of flame started up from the boiler pit and communicated with the splintered wreckage and the standing walls. Soon the entire factory was in flames.

Instant death was the fate of many who went down with the floors. A large number of men and women who were working near the supports were alive after the floors and walls fell. From these unfortunates cries of agony and terror went up. Almost all had been caught between broken timbers, lighter wooden wreckage and heavy pieces of machinery. A few persons succeeded in extricating themselves from the wreckage but more were roasted to death.

Many Acts of Heroism Seen.

By this time nearby citizens had arrived to assist the employes who escaped in the rescue of their fellows. This task became momentarily more difficult and perilous, for the heat from the fire was a most unbearable. By the use of long pieces of timber the rescuers were able to raise parts of the wreckage and thereby release some of the imprisoned men and women and then by rushing into the space pull them from the ruins.

Then it was that acts of sacrifice and heroism were seen. One man whose legs were caught under an iron beam cried to the rescuers that they could not extricate him and to help the girls behind him. Stretching out his arms he lifted several girls, one by one, and passed them to the rescuers. Then the fire reached him and he died. A woman who was entangled in a shoe machine cried out that she was dying and commanded the rescuers to attend to others who might live. She begged to be shot. Soon the flames enveloped her.

Among the first to arrive on the scene was the Rev. James A. O'Rourke, curate at St. Margaret's Roman Catholic church nearby. At the risk of his life he removed seven persons from the ruins before the fire had reached them and was returning for the eighth time when he fainted from the effects of the smoke and the shock. Father O'Rourke administered the last rites of the church to many of the dying.

Firemen Save Many Lives.

Imprisoned operatives, too far away for rescue, who knew their lives would last but a few moments, spoke words of encouragement to those who seemed nearer escape. Some prayed aloud. Others pleaded with the rescuers to say "goodby" to relatives. The spectacle unnerved many who were trying vainly to get to the victims and some turned away sick and fainting.

Members of the fire department with ladders, aided greatly in the work of rescue, but their time for work was short, for within a brief interval fire closed over the wreckage and the cries of the imprisoned were hushed.

In the meantime the fire was spreading from the Grover factory. It leaped across Calmar street to a three-story brick block at the corner of Main street, owned by Charles F. Dahlburg and occupied as a hardware store, and then to a wooden lodging house, a dwelling on Calmar street, and small buildings, all of which were destroyed. From the rear of the factory the flames stretched across Denton street to two dwelling houses.

By this time the entire fire department and all the police reserves were on the scene, but with the high wind blowing the flames could not be checked and soon reached two other dwellings. All these buildings were practically ruined but at this point the fire was stopped.

Several Miraculous Escapes.

The house to the north of the factory through which the exploded boiler crashed, was owned and occupied by David W. Rockwell, the engineer in charge of the boiler, who was among the killed. The house was demolished. Mrs. Rockwell, who was sitting by the kitchen stove, had a miraculous escape from death. She snatched up her two children, who were uninjured, and started for the home of the nearest neighbor, Mrs. Etta Wood. She found this cottage had been practically rent asunder by the boiler, the head of which was buried in the middle of the structure. Miss Ella Pratt, 78 years old, a relative of the Hoods, was alone in the house. The cottage was thrown several feet off its foundations and Miss Pratt was knocked down and stunned but recovered.

Not until after noon was it possible to begin a search of the factory ruins. Several charred and headless bodies were recovered near the boiler pit and the bones of others were found. They were placed in pine boxes and removed to a temporary morgue.

Mayor Edward H. Keith personally superintended the search and Medical Examiner A. E. Paine viewed each body as it was taken out. Treasurer C. O. Emerson of the Grover company estimated the loss on the factory at $200,000 and the aggregate of loss on the other structures at $50,000. The Grover factory machinery and stock were insured for $280,000.

Fortune Teller Killed and Robbed.

St. Louis, March 21. Mrs. Mary B. Page, a fortune teller, age 70, was found dead in her home. She had been bound, gagged, strangled to death and robbed.

$100,000 for Tract Society.

New York, March 21. Ralph Voorhees of Clifton, N. J., has made a donation of $100,000 for the work of the American Tract society.

COMBINATION IS COMPLETED.

Breweries of Two Counties Under One Management.

CAPITAL STOCK IS $3,000,000

John Schuster, of Massillon, President of the Stark-Tuscarawas Breweries Company—Plants Will Remain Under Present Management and All Will be Operated.

The Canton Repository of Tuesday says:

At noon today the Stark-Tuscarawas Breweries Company became a reality, when the Canton and Stark Brewing Companies, of this city, the Schuster Brewing Company, of Massillon, the Siebold Brewing Company, of New Philadelphia, and the Barnhardt Brewing Company, of Canal Dover, were merged into one. Representatives of the Cleveland syndicate, the Cleveland Trust Company, which is underwriting the venture, and of the various breweries concerned met at the McKinley hotel this morning when the distribution of money, bonds and stock was made to the individual holders.

Previous to the settlement, mortgage deeds for $1,500,000 to the Cleveland Trust Company were filed in the Stark and Tuscarawas county recorders' offices. The deed in the Stark county office was filed about 9 o'clock. The one to be filed at New Philadelphia was taken there on the first car this morning by a representative of the Cleveland Trust Company. Nothing was done until a telegram was received by Attorney Emil Joseph, of the syndicate, about 10 o'clock that the deed had been placed on record.

The preliminary steps having been taken, the representatives of the various interested concerns were met separately and the settlements made. The Canton Brewing Company was the first to be dealt with. It was represented by William Rommel and George Edel, with W. J. Piero as attorney. John Weiss and John A. Brobst, with Attorney John W. Crane, represented the Stark Brewing Company. The Schuster Brewing Company, of Massillon, had its interests looked after by John Schuster and Tobias Schott. Attorney Atlee Pomerene acted for them. C. M. Siebold, of New Philadelphia, was accompanied by Attorney J. W. Patrick, of that city. C. Barnhardt, with Attorney Joseph Hostetler, represented the Canal Dover concern.

The prices paid by the syndicate for the various breweries are said to have been approximately as follows: Canton Brewing Company, $750,000; Stark Brewing Company, $300,000; Schuster Brewing Company, about $400,000; Siebold Brewing Company, $180,000; Barnhardt Brewing Company, $90,000.

The stockholders in the individual breweries were paid in cash, stock and bonds. Of the amount received by the Canton Brewing Company, $200,000 is said to have been in cash, the same amount in bonds and the remainder in stock, equally divided between preferred and common. The Stark company, it is said, received a third in cash and the same percentage of stocks and bonds.

It was said Tuesday morning that the bond issue was greatly oversubscribed. As an experiment the bonds, which are 6 per cent 25-year gold bonds, were put on the Cleveland market Monday, and offers of 102 are said to have been received for them. Similarly the stock was placed on the market, 12 being bid for the common and 56 for the preferred. The preferred stock bears 6 per cent interest.

The capital stock of the combine is given as $3,000,000. The actual issue is stated at $1,254,000 in bonds and the same amount in stock, equally divided between the preferred and common.

In the deed filed this morning, provision is made for a sinking fund, to accumulate from $15,000, to be paid the trustee October 1, annually. The books of the company are to be examined annually by expert accountants, and the trustee furnished with a report of their findings, which will be open to the inspection of the bondholders.

The deed was signed by Emil C. Heil, as president of the temporary board of the syndicate, and M. J. Mandelbaum, vice president of the Cleveland Trust Company.

Directors were selected from among the stockholders and the directory then selected John Schuster, of Massillon, as president; John Rommel, of Canton, vice president, and John F. Weiss, also of Canton, secretary and treasurer.

Attorney Joseph, representing the syndicate, announced that the various plants would be conducted by their present managers, and laid particular stress upon the statement that none of the breweries will be closed. A general office will probably be established in one of the cities represented in the combination.

COUNTERFEITERS CAUGHT.

Gang Operating in Ohio Falls Into Clutches of the Law.

Cincinnati, March 22.—After weeks on the trail of counterfeiters who have been operating in Northern Ohio, secret service men have caused the arrest of two men at Cardington and a third at Eaton. A quantity of counterfeit money was secured with one of the men.

The officers declare their belief that the men under arrest will be found to be definitely connected with several large counterfeiting movements in the northern part of the state.

Nut Gems.

Measure three level teacupfuls of entire wheat flour, and mix with it a heaping tablespoonful of finely crushed nuts—pecan, walnut, Brazil nut or any kind preferred. Add two cupfuls of cold water, beat or stir to a smooth batter, then add half a cupful or more of cold water to make the batter like sponge cake. Incorporate all the fresh air possible in two or three minutes' beating and stirring or until it is full of air bubbles. Fill the hot gem pans and put at once into a hot oven.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily:

Country butter, per lb	30-32
Creamery butter	34
Eggs, per dozen	18
Chickens spring, lb	8
Cabbage, per pound	2½
Lettuce, per lb	18
Onions, per peck	50
Potatoes, per bushel	45
Jersey Sweet Potatoes per peck	50

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb	25 26
Eggs, per dozen	15
Chickens, live, per lb	12
Chickens, spring, dressed lb	14
Chickens, dressed	12
Cabbage, per doz	50
Potatoes, per bushel	30

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices.

Wheat	$1 05
Oats	32-33
Corn	55

Following are the selling prices.

Hay, baled, per hundred	80
Straw, per hundred	55
Shelled corn, per bushel	70
Oats, per bushel	40
Corn	70
Hay, loose, per ton	$10 $11

Paint with Green Seal and be numbered among the happy ones. For sale by Hawk Hardware Company.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

Toadstools and Mushrooms

You can tell the difference between toadstools and mushrooms by eating them. If you die they are toadstools; if you live they are mushrooms. This often fatal method of telling the good from the bad is akin to that adopted by some wearers of glasses in deciding who to consult about their eyes.

They fail to distinguish between the good and the bad until their eyes are gone.

Eye Examinations Free.

All Glasses guaranteed satisfactory or money cheerfully refunded.

HAWVER

Jeweler & Graduate Optician,

17 S Erie St. Massillon, O.

NO SIGNS OF A HALT,

Russians are Still on Retreat to the North.

Gunshu Pass, March 22.—Kuropatkin went to Harbin on the 19th, but having accepted the command of the first army, reached here today and had a great ovation. He expressed the hope that the army will soon be able to retrieve its reverses. Advance divisions are pushing northward and fresh troops are coming south to relieve the rear guard. Guns have been heard on the right flank all morning.

Special attention given to compounding of household remedies at Gordon & Fribley's drug store, 81 West Main St., Massillon.

Sick Wives and Daughters.

You have often seen them with pale faces, poor appetite, head and backache, symptoms common to the sex. Fathers and mothers lose no time in securing Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. It will cost only one dollar and is much cheaper than sickness. Write to Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle.

THE SPRING PAINTING

Is a task of no little importance to owners of property. Up-to-date painters recommend the use of Green Seal Liquid Paint, because of its extreme purity. For sale by Hawk Hardware Company.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades Curtain Poles

We have never had the pleasure of showing such a pretty display of rich colored effects in Wall Paper, the artistic designs of which are made in suitable styles for every room, be it the Parlor, Sitting, Library, Dining, Kitchen and Bath.

The Oil Cloth Wall Covering

Is becoming more popular every year, and the people who have used them find they are most satisfactory as well as the most serviceable.

The Sanitary Varnished Papers

Have always been too expensive for the man with moderate means, but you can now arrange to have that bath room and kitchen both papered with this very satisfactory paper, as we have reduced some of our regular 25c patterns to the very low prices of 10c, 15c and 20c.

Special Sale

Of Slow Selling Papers of good quality that formerly sold at from 5c to 25c per roll, have been marked down to the ridiculously low prices of 2c, 3c, 4c and 5c.

Room Mouldings,

Plate Rails and Beadings, in gold, white or the natural wood finish, help materially in beautifying a room; in fact, have almost become a necessity.

Window Shades

In all colors and widths. For the ordinary sized windows we have them as low as 5c and up to 40c each. We also make a specialty of the extra wide widths for those large windows, and always carry the following sizes in stock: 42, 48, 54 and 63 inch, and cost much less than to have them made.

Curtain Poles

To fit any sized window or door, in white, brass, or the natural wood finish at very reasonable prices.

The Brass Rods

Are being used to a great extent, and make a very neat appearance. We have the solid and the extension kind, with all the fixings to go with them.

Picture Moulding Hooks at 5c per dozen and up.
Picture Wires and Chains in several different sizes.
Shade Pulls, the metal or silk kind, from 2c to 10c each.
Whitmore's Adjustable Shade Brackets will save cutting down your shades. Ask to see them.
Wall Paper Cleaner, just fresh this year, sells at only 10c per box, or 3 boxes for 25c.

We only ask you to give us a call and be convinced.

BAHNEY'S
Wall Paper Store
20 East Main St., Massillon, Ohio.

LOTS AND LOTS AND LOTS

—OF—

SHOES,

Oxfords, Slippers and Rubbers, all sizes and prices, that must be cleaned out of the D. T. Frank store ***Right Away Quick.***

I have bought the Frank & Co. stock and I'm going to sell it right off. I must have the shelves clear for

FULL NEW STOCK Now Coming.

IN TEN DAYS these goods must be out of the way. When I open the new stock I don't want any of the old goods left on the shelves. It's got to go, go at any price, so that it goes.

This is a Straight Tip.

EDWARD ZINTSMASTER,

Successor to D. T. Frank & Co.

6 East Main St., Massillon, O.

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